



USER GUIDE

ETM DELTABLUE

*OUTDOOR AND BATTERY-POWERED REMOTE
MONITORING, ALARMING & LOGGING SOLUTION*



Features:

- Up to 3 years battery life time*
- Integrated 7-channel data logger
- Integrated 2G/3G/4G wireless modem
- Integrated GPS, temperature, humidity, pressure sensor and accelerometer
- Pre-configured for the most common sensor types with 3.6V, 5V & 16V power feed
- Easy access to logged measurements via ETM's IoT Cloud Dashboard (EWO)
- Delivered with battery, SIM card & integrated GSM and GPS antennas.
- Easy integration to SCADA and telemetry systems

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduction	5
Nomenclature	5
Overview	5
Physical Dimensions	6
Specifications	6
Battery	8
I/O Connector – ETM DeltaBlue I/O, I/O GPS	9
I2C Sensor – ETM DeltaBlue I/O, I/O GPS	11
Internal Module	12
Internal Sensors	13
Indicator LEDs.....	15
Green status LEDs.....	15
Yellow signal strength LEDs	15
Configuration Tool	17
Installation	17
Using the Right Version of the Configuration Tool	17
Using the Configuration Tool	18
Saving, reading and writing configuration files.....	19
General Settings tab	20
Phone number to SMS Alarm recipients	20
Analogue Values	20
Unit ID added to messages.....	20
GPS settings	21
Miscellaneous	21
HW Model No - HW Serial No.....	22
Init AT/ET-Command Table	22
Alarm messages	22
Real Time Clock Sync.....	22
Channels tab	23
Open→Close(N.O) Alarm Message	23
Close→Open(N.C) Alarm Message	23
Digital I/O alarm	23
Port.....	23
SMS Phone Number	23
Alarm (port 2200)	24
ET-cmd sending	24
Alarm delay	24
Restore delay	24
Analogue Input Alarm	24

Alarm message	26
Power in Low Level	26
Analogue Input Alarm	26
Data Transfer / Logging / Timers tab	27
Common settings for all channels	27
Setting the SWT timers	29
Data Logging (SWT1)	29
Data logging	29
Pulse Counting Transition	29
Periodicity	29
Channel selection	30
Send interval logged data (SWT2)	30
Monitoring data (SWT3)	30
Monitoring data (SWT4)	30
Wake up interval low power (SWT5)	30
What you should know about the Low Power Mode	31
Heart Beat package	32
Communication tab	34
Remote Server	34
ISP Dial up Login	34
Connected to ISP or Server	35
Firewall	35
Internal Serial – setting the baud rate	36
Logged data tab	37
Channel values	37
Alarm History Viewer	37
Logged data	37
Terminal tab	38
Entering command mode	38
Send buttons	38
Set RTC	39
Reprogram using CSD	39
Channel Scaling tab	40
Application examples	41
Basic I/O Control	41
Wiring Diagram	41
Configuration Tool Settings	42
Temperature sensor	43
Wiring Diagram	43
Configuration Tool Settings for temperature logging and alarm	44
Tank level Monitoring with 4-20mA Sensor	46

Wiring Diagram	46
Tank Level Monitor with Rochester Gauge	47
Water/Electrical Meter Measurement	48
Pressure Sensor	49
Control Via ET Commands.....	50
General commands.....	50
I/O commands.....	51
SMS commands.....	51
Pulse input commands.....	52
Internet commands	52
Other commands.....	53

INTRODUCTION

Nomenclature

The DeltaBlue incorporates the Cinterion PLS62-W module and is intended for worldwide use (network and regulatory approvals permitting).

Overview

DeltaBlue is a battery-powered, rugged device, which is used for measuring and control of remote areas or installations without access to mains power or fixed communication line.

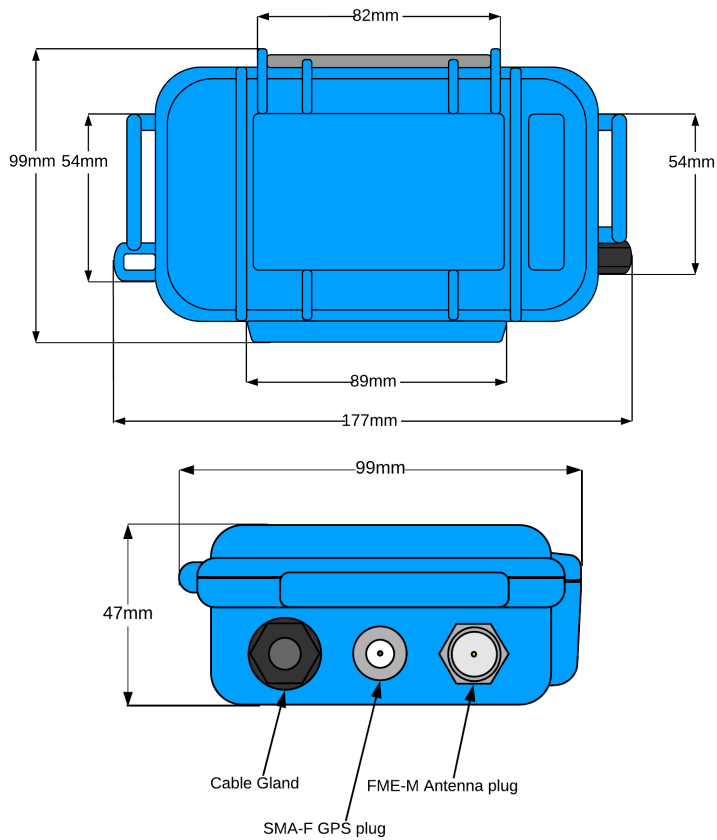
Integrated GPS make the DeltaBlue suitable for mobile applications like petroleum tanks, cooling containers and construction machinery. DeltaBlue is equipped with an accelerometer in order to recognize movement, which can be used in alarm applications.

The DeltaBlue comes with pre-provision SIM-card. Connect the sensors, turn on the power and log into ETM's IoT Cloud Dashboard (EWO) to remotely manage DeltaBlue and get access to the measured data from anywhere.

A configuration tool is used to read/write to DeltaBlue in order to program specific functionality. It is very important to ensure that the correct version of the tool is used then reading/writing to the modem.

MODEL	PART #	FUNCTIONALITY	MODULE INSTALLED
ETM-Blue I/O	71496 (not covered in this manual)	2G, 3G, 4G	Cinterion ELS61-E R2
ETM-Blue I/O, GPS, External Antenna Connectors	71500 (not covered in this manual)	2G, 3G, 4G GPS/QZSS, GLO, Gal, BDS	Cinterion ELS61-E R2
ETM-Blue I/O	71504	2G, 3G, 4G	Cinterion PLS62-W
ETM-Blue I/O, GPS, External Antenna Connectors	71505	2G, 3G, 4G GPS/QZSS, GLO, Gal, BDS	Cinterion PLS62-W
ETM-Blue I/O, GPS, External Antenna Connectors	71510 (not covered in this manual)	2G, Cat M1, NB2 GPS, GLO, Gal, BDS	Quectel BG95

Physical Dimensions



Applications:

Typical applications include:

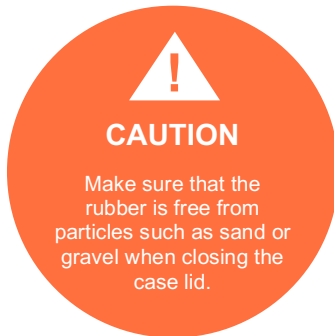
- Tank measurements
- Well and pit monitoring
- Agriculture applications
- Water and sewer treatment
- Remote intruder alarms
- Goods tracking
- Lake water level monitoring

Specifications

SPECIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	MODEL
Weight	340g / 12 oz	
Size	170 x 99 x 47 mm	
Cellular	<p>2G, 3G and 4G</p> <p>LTE: 700, 800, 850, 900, 1700/2100(AWS), 1800, 1900, 2100 and 2600 MHz (bands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 12, 18, 19, 20, 28)</p> <p>UMTS: 800, 850, 900, 1700/2100(AWS), 1800, 1900 and 2100 MHz (bands 1, 2, 4, 5, 8, 9, 19)</p> <p>GPRS: 850, 900, 1800 and 1900 MHz</p>	
Casing	Ventilated IP67 casing in Polycarbonate (PC) with Nitril-sealing and hinges in stainless steel.	

Casing

The ETM DeltaBlue features an IP67-rated casing made for outdoor use.



Case



Ventilation

DeltaBlue is equipped with a vent that lets out moisture, while also preventing it from getting in.

Note! If the DeltaBlue is to be used as a pressure sensor, the original ventilator should be replaced with a special one to make sure the pressure sensor gives correct data. Please contact ETM to order this version.

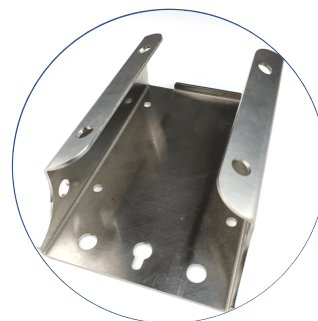


Mounting Plate

There is an option to attach the DeltaBlue case to a mounting bracket for wall or pole mount.


Using the mounting bracket you will also be able to use an external lock for better security.

Note! It is important that the lock is attached on the right side (picture) for it to provide any security.



Battery

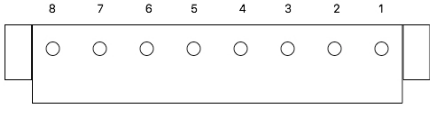

DeltaBlue comes with a pre-installed battery. Battery specifications are shown below.

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	BATTERY
Model	ER34615M (High Power Type)	
Capacity	14500mAh/52,2Wh	
Voltage	3.6V	
Type	Non-rechargeable Lithium Chloride Dioxide Battery	

I/O Connector – ETM DeltaBlue I/O, I/O GPS

6 x I/O's are available on the provided 2 or 5 meter I/O cable

Pin allocations are as shown below depending on DIP switch settings.

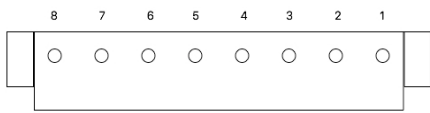
PIN	FUNCTION	INTERNAL SOCKET
CH1 (Brown)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital Input: LL<0.5V, HL>2.5V, Max Input 50VDC Digital Output: LL0V, HL3V, 0.1mA Pulse Input: LL<0.5V, HL>2.5V, Max Input 50VDC <p><u>DIP switch 1 OFF</u> Internal pull up 1Mohm <u>DIP switch 1 ON</u> Internal pull up 33Kohm</p>	 <div data-bbox="957 1041 1300 1377">  <p>CAUTION</p> <p>Take care to ensure that only the correct connectors are used or mechanical damage to the pins may result.</p> </div>
CH2 (Blue)	<p><u>DIP switch 2 OFF</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital Input: LL<0.5V, HL>2.5V, Max Input 50VDC Digital Output: LL0V, HL3V, 0.1mA Analogue Input: 0-2.5VDC, Max Input 50VDC <p><u>DIP switch 2 ON</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analogue Input: 4-20mA, Max Input 50VDC 	
CH3 (Yellow)	<p><u>DIP switch 3 OFF</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital Input: LL<0.5V, HL>2.5V, Max Input 50VDC Digital Output: LL0V, HL3V, 0.1mA Analogue Input: 0-2.5VDC, Max Input 50VDC <p><u>DIP switch 3 ON</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analogue Input: 4-20mA, Max Input 50VDC 	
CH4 (Green)	<p><u>DIP switch 4 OFF</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital Input: LL<0.5V, HL>2.5V, Max Input 50VDC Digital Output: LL0V, HL3V, 0.1mA Analogue Input: 0-2.5VDC, Max Input 50VDC <p><u>DIP switch 4 ON</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analogue Input: 4-20mA, Max Input 50VDC 	
CH5 (Red)	<p><u>DIP switch 5 OFF</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital Input: LL<0.5V, HL>2.5V, Max Input 50VDC Digital Output: LL0V, HL3V, 0.1mA Analogue Input: 0-2.5VDC, Max Input 50VDC <p><u>DIP switch 5 ON</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analogue Input: 4-20mA, Max Input 50VDC 	
CH6 (Black)	<p><u>DIP switch 6 OFF</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analogue Input: 0-5VDC, Max Input 50VDC <p><u>DIP switch 6 ON</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analogue Input: 0-10VDC, Max Input 50VDC 	

Feed (Orange)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">3.6V (battery voltage), 5V & 16V depending on rotary switch settings, 100mA Max	
GND (Gray)	Ground	

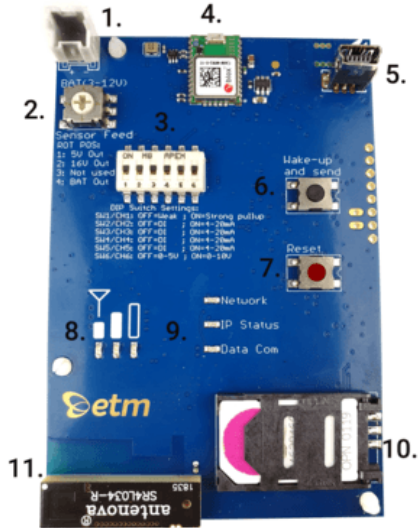
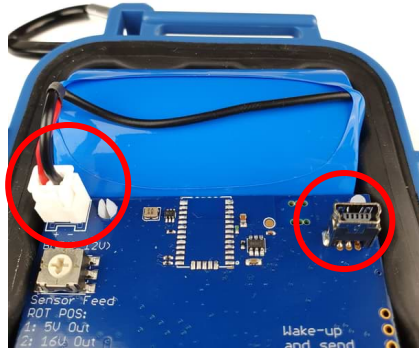
I2C Sensor – ETM DeltaBlue I/O, I/O GPS

8 x I2C pins are available on the circuit.

Pin allocations are as shown below.

PIN	CONFIGURABLE FUNCTIONS	INTERNAL SOCKET
CH1 (Brown)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Addr2 	 <div> <p>CAUTION</p> <p>Take care to ensure that only the correct connectors are used or mechanical damage to the pins may result.</p> </div>
CH2 (Blue)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SDA (Sensor Data) 	
CH3 (Yellow)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SCL (Sensor Clock) 	
CH4 (Green)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Addr3 	
CH5 (Red)	Not used	
CH6 (Black)	Not used	
CH7 (Orange)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3.6V (battery voltage), 5V & 16V depending on rotary switch settings, 100mA Max 	
CH8 (Grey)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ground 	

Internal Module

PART #	DESCRIPTION	MODULE
1	Battery connector	
2	Sensor feed rotary switch <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manually adjust the sensor feed. There are three options: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5V Out 16V Out Not used BAT (3.6V battery) out 	
3	DIP Switch	
4	GPS Module	
5	Mini USB <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connects to a computer for configuration and/or firmware updates 	
6	Wake-up and send button <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wakes the module up from hibernation, checks and sends any data acquired during the hibernation state to ETM IoT cloud server (EWO) 	
7	Reset button <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hardware reset, will reboot the CPU and send start up package to ETM IoT cloud server (EWO) 	
8	Signal strength indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Yellow LED's 	
9	Status indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Green LED's 	
10	Standard SIM-card slot	
11	Internal antenna <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Active by default configuration 	



Internal Sensors

DeltaBlue is equipped with several internal sensors for various applications.

TYPE	SPECIFICATION	
Temperature	Accuracy $\pm 0.2^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Humidity	Accuracy $\pm 3 \%$	
Barometric Pressure	Accuracy $\pm 0.25\%$ (equivalent to 1m at 400m height change)	
Accelerometer	3-axis motion detector	

External ports (Only with GPS)

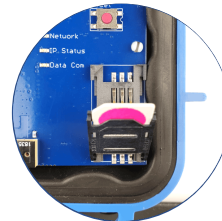
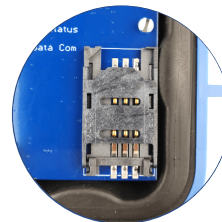
The *ETM DeltaBlue* GPS terminal features a standard FME-M antenna connector (right) as well as a SMA-F GPS connector (left).

Note! If you intend to use the external ports, please see (General settings tab) for setup using the configuration tool.



SIM Card

The SIM card connector is located in the bottom right corner of the circuit board. The unit supports both 3V and 1.8V SIMs. Any SIM card used needs to be correctly provisioned for the services and network upon which it is intended to be used.



SIM Pin

If the SIM used has a PIN either:

- The unit can be configured to enter the SIM pin, refer to the configuration tool section
- OR
- The SIM PIN should be deactivated: insert the SIM in a mobile phone and deactivate, then transfer the SIM into the DeltaBlue unit.



CAUTION

Always disconnect the battery before inserting or removing SIM Card.

Care should be taken in inserting and removing the SIM card so as not to damage the SIM holder or cover.

Indicator LEDs

Green status LEDs

GREEN LED 1	FUNCTION
Slow Flash 500ms On / 500ms Off	Searching for mobile network
Double Flash 3s Off / 100ms ON / 100ms OFF / 100 ms ON	Active 2G network connection
Triple Flash 3s OFF / 100ms ON / 100ms OFF / 100 ms ON / 100ms OFF / 100ms ON	Active 3G network connection
Four time Flash 3s OFF / 100ms ON / 100ms OFF / 100 ms ON / 100ms OFF / 100ms ON / 100ms OFF / 100 ms ON	Active 4G network connection

GREEN LED 2	FUNCTION
ON	Internet Service Provider connection (Active PDP context and IP address)
OFF	No Internet Service Provider connection

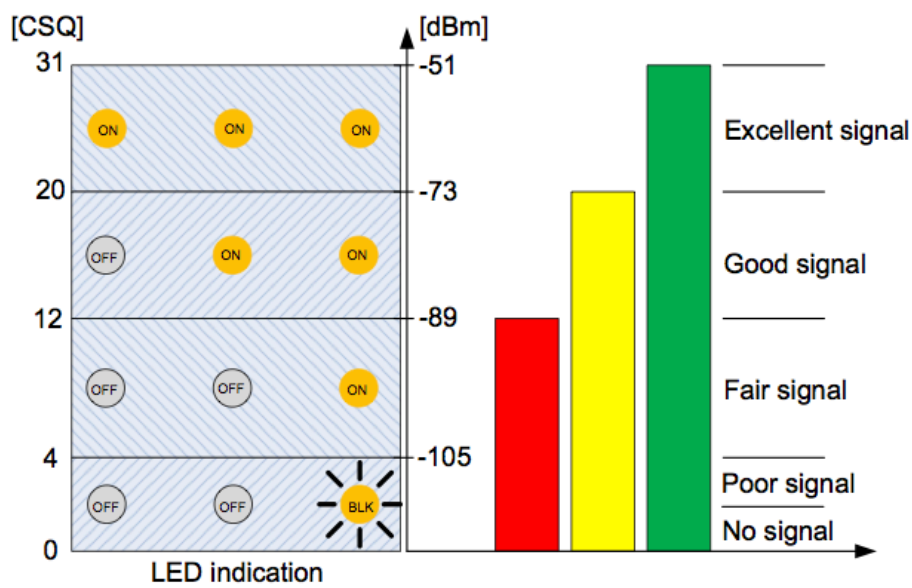
GREEN LED 3	FUNCTION
Slow Flash	Sending Data
ON	Receiving data from host (turn off after 2 seconds)
OFF	No data transmission occurring

Yellow signal strength LEDs

YELLOW LED 1	FUNCTION
Flashing	RSSI < -105 dBm or no SIM detected
ON	RSSI ≥ -105 dBm (Poor signal)
OFF	Not registered to mobile network ≥

YELLOW LED 2	FUNCTION
Flashing	No SIM detected
ON	RSSI ≥ -89 dBm (Fair signal)
OFF	RSSI < -89 dBm or Not registered to mobile network

YELLOW LED 3	FUNCTION
Flashing	No SIM detected
ON	RSSI \geq -73dBm (Good signal)
OFF	RSSI < -73dBm or Not registered to mobile network



Signal strength levels.

CONFIGURATION TOOL

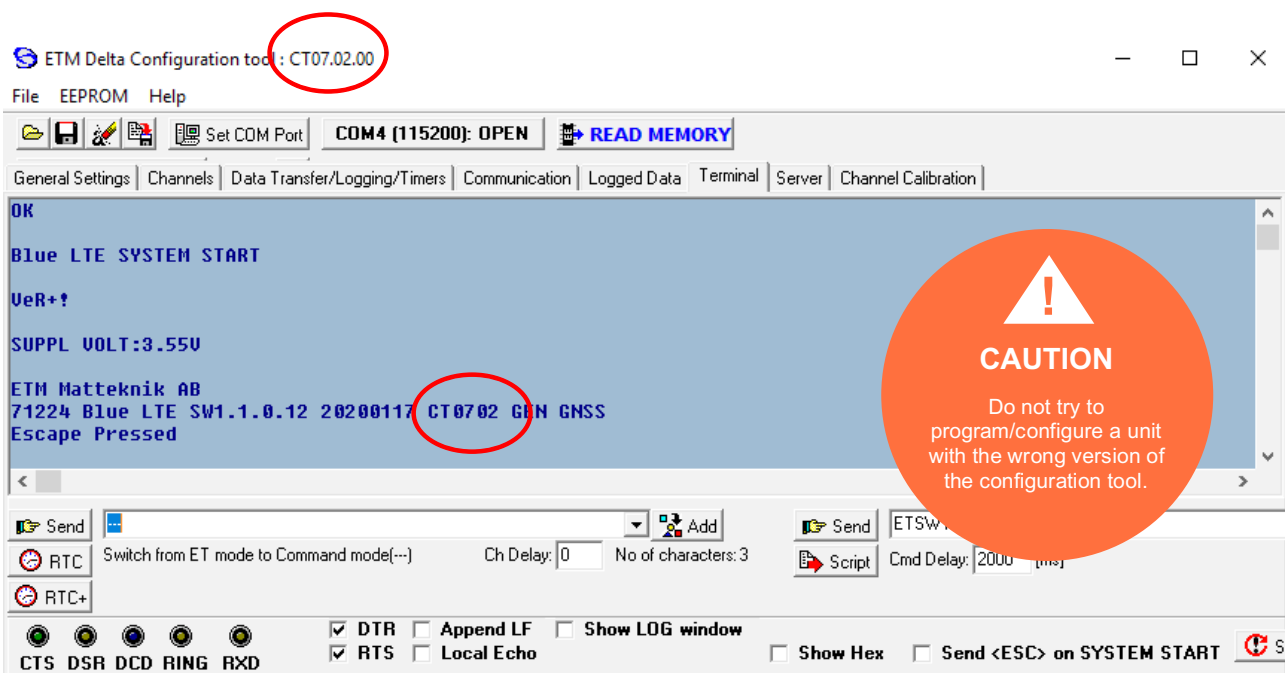
Installation

The Configuration Tool can be copied to any folder on a suitable PC's hard drive. It consists of only one file and does not need to be installed. Depending on your use of the tool there may (over a period of time) be configuration files, with an etx extension, created and these files can be saved in any location. The tool itself may create a single ini file, which should be left in the same directory as the configuration tool for continued easy operation of the tool.

Using the Right Version of the Configuration Tool

When the unit starts up and is connected to a terminal window and Escape is pressed (see below), please check that you have the correct version of the configuration tool. The current version of the configuration tool is shown in the header (0702 being the relevant part in the example below), the correct version for the unit is shown in the terminal window.

If you do not have the correct version of the configuration tool, contact ETM and request the appropriate version or visit ETM's website.



Using the Configuration Tool

When you power up the wireless modem to do any configuration you MUST follow these steps if you are unfamiliar with the operation of the Configuration Tool:

1. Start the configuration tool.
2. Chose the correct communications port (using the Set COM Port button to select a port other than the one chosen by the Configuration Tool) – ensure the port is set for a baud rate of 115200 (it must be at this speed to be programmed in ESC mode).
3. Confirm that the port opens (the indicator MUST show 'OPEN' for your chosen port).
4. Click on the Terminal tab.
5. Click into the terminal window so that you see a flashing cursor.
6. Power up DeltaBlue by connecting the battery to the circuit board.
7. Immediately after powering up the modem press the ESC key on the keyboard, you should only need to press it 3 or 4 times, after a short period you should see an 'Escape Pressed' message from the wireless modem – if you don't and instead you see a 'MS: ^SYSSTART' message then repeat the process again. Without the 'Escape Pressed' message being displayed you CANNOT perform any configuration on the wireless modem (while it is possible to use the Configuration Tool once the wireless modem has fully started up this may not be possible if the wireless modem has not yet been fully configured).
8. NOTE: You can also check the tick-box 'Send <ESC> on SYSTEM START' (the Configuration Tool will automatically send an ESC character when it sees the SYSTEM START message) in the bottom right hand corner of the Configuration Tool (but this doesn't work with some USB to Serial adapters) – if you check this remember to uncheck it again when you restart the modem after any programming changes, otherwise you may inadvertently leave the modem in programming mode rather than run mode.
9. You are now ready to use the configuration tool to make changes to the wireless modem.
10. Once you are familiar with the Configuration Tool you can shorten the procedure, if the wireless modem is already live/working, by simply reading and writing the configuration without restarting the wireless modem and pressing the ESC key. Note if any changes are made to the modem you should power cycle or software reset (ET&SR) the modem to ensure that any new mode of operation (based on your configuration changes) comes into effect. If you make no changes, only reading the configuration, you do not need to restart the modem.
11. Settings can be saved to a file on your PC. If you need to configure another DeltaBlue with the same settings this file can be loaded into the configuration tool and written to any additional units that require the same settings.

Details regarding each tab in the configuration tool are provided in the following pages.

The following configuration examples are provided later in the user guide:

- Basic I/O Control
- Temperature Alarm

Saving, reading and writing configuration files



- To open an existing configuration file, select "File – Open".
- To save a configuration file, select "File – Save". This can be done after you have read an existing configuration from the wireless modem, or when you have manually entered a configuration.
- To read the current settings of the wireless modem, select "READ MEMORY" (the button with blue text).
- To write the current settings of the configuration tool to the wireless modem, select "WRITE MEMORY" (the button with red text).
- Note: You cannot perform a write operation if you have not opened an existing configuration file or performed a read operation.
- The button "Com3 (115200): OPEN" can be used to control whether or not the communications port is opened (you must have the communications port open to connect in any way to the modem).
 - The port open/Close feature allows you to leave the configuration tool open but not connected to the USB Port, in case you need to use another communication application.
 - The selected baud rate for the Com port is displayed in brackets when the port is opened.
 - To set which port to use, click the button "Set COM Port".
- Note: If the unit is busy, a read or write may fail and a popup will inform you about the error. This is usually because the unit is in normal/operational mode. You can retry the read or write operation, but if it continues to fail then put the unit into programming/ESC mode (see above).

GENERAL SETTINGS TAB

File EEPROM Help

COM1: CLOSED READ MEMORY WRITE MEMORY ETM CT

General Settings Channels Data Transfer/Logging/Timers Communication Logged Data Terminal Server Channel Calibration

General Settings

Phone numbers to SMSAlarm recipients

Number 1
Number 2
Number 3
Number 4
Number 5

Unit ID added to messages

☐ Use SIM Card ID Number as Unit ID
☐ Use IMEI Number as Unit ID

Default Profile
Number of characters: 15

Init AT/ET-Command Table

1:
2:
3:
4:
5:

Alarm Messages

☒ Append Alarm status
☒ Append Unit ID

Analogue Values

☒ Default (presented in mV)
☐ Scaled with calibrated values

HW Model No: 65535-255
HW Serial No: N/A

Miscellaneous

Configuration ID no: 0 SIM PIN:
Restart if inactive: 1440 [min] Password:
☒ Force Reset every 24h
☐ Use External Cellular Antenna

10 x 1 Maximum of SMS sent every 24 hour
This counter will be cleared at 00:00 hour(midnight)

☐ Use incoming SMS security filter
Accept only SMS from the phone numbers in the Phone list

Reference Date:
00-00-00
[yy-mm-dd]

Real Time Clock Sync

☐ EWO synchronize the Clock
☒ NTP server Clock Sync in UTC time
☐ NTP server Clock Sync in local time

NTP Servers:
1:
2:

Real Time Clock sync to NTP server will be performed at start-up and every 12 hour
NOTE: Do not use NTP clock sync with EWO

☐ Use RTC Date in #-sending and logging

GNSS

☐ GPS-capture(\$GNRMC format from external GPS)
☐ Use External GPS Antenna

☒ Accept anyway after timeout
Search Timeout: 255
Number SAT Accept: 255
HDOP Accept level: 6.6E2

GPS presentation format

☒ NMEA ((NorS)DDMMmmmm(WorE)DDMMmmmm)
☐ Degrees and decimal minutes (DMM)
☐ Decimal Degrees (DD)

Active Profile

☒ Long Result Format (ETPSR)
☒ Response Info Print Out (ETP)
☒ SMS Response Msg(ETPM)
☒ Echo (ETE)
☒ Result Print Out (ETPR)

Phone number to SMS Alarm recipients

- Number 1-5 lists the recipients of the alarm messages. It is our recommendation that you use the full international number in any entry, e.g. +4670xxxxxxx.

Analogue Values

- "Default (presented in mV)" – Analogue values, sent by TCP, UDP or SMS, are presented in mV. The range of each analogue input is 0-2500 mV.
- "Scaled with calibrated values" – Analogue values, sent by TCP, UDP or SMS, are presented as calibrated/scaled values. Refer to section on calibration for more details.

Unit ID added to messages

- If you select "Use SIM Card ID as Unit ID" the ID of the unit will be the ID of the SIM.

- If you select "Use IMEI number as Unit ID" the ID of the unit will be the network ID of the wireless modem.
- If you want to enter a textual ID, enter it into the text box and leave the checkboxes unchecked.
- You have 40 characters available and we suggest that you use the shortest practical ID possible, as there are only 160 characters available in an SMS. If you use 40 characters for the ID this leaves only 120 characters for the content of the SMS, which may limit the information that can be sent.
- When entering a specific ID you should not use punctuation characters – to guarantee that you don't affect the field positioning of any data being sent by the wireless modem you should never use a comma in the Unit ID. If you have a comma in the Device ID you will effectively add a new field to any data sent as the data is delimited with commas by default.

GPS settings

- The GPS activation interval is controlled by the timer (SWT4). In order to send the GPS position, activate [#5] on either SWT3 or SWT4.
- "GPS-capture" – Use the (\$GNRMC) format to store data coming from an external GPS device. The last position can be requested via SMS and when used as alarm each message can have the position appended.
- "Use External GPS Antenna" – Check box to make the module use the external GPS antenna.
- "GPS Presentation Format" – Choose which format the GPS data should be presented in. The options are:
 - NMEA (NorS)DDMMmmmm(WorE)DDDMMmmmm
 - DMM (Degrees and Decimal minutes) Example: (N)59°20,7742', (E)17°57,8685'
 - DD (Decimal Degrees) Example: 59.346237, 17.964475

Miscellaneous

- "Configuration ID no" – This is an ID that can be used to further identify a unit configuration, may be used to identify standard configurations for a particular application.
- SIM PIN – Enter PIN for the SIM Card being used, if it's not deactivated.
- "Restart if inactive x min" – If the modem remains inactive for more than x minutes, the unit will restart.
- "Password" – To set a password, use the ET command ETSPW (see Control via ET commands later in this document). This password must then be entered in this field to allow any changes through the configuration tool.
- "Force Reset every 24h" – The unit will be reset every 24 hours.

- "Maximum of SMS sent every 24 hour" – To prevent a large number of SMS being sent due to an invalid configuration or an unstable input/system state you may limit the maximum SMS sent in a single 24-hour period. This 24-hour period resets at midnight (00:00). See the Delay and Alarm Restore Delay description (in the Communication tab) for other ways to limit invalid sending.
If the wireless modem exceeds the maximum allowed SMS in a single 24-hour period then any alert that is triggered will still generate a message and will send a TCP or UDP alert if configured, but no SMS will be sent until the current 24-hour period expires. There is no indication available of when the current 24-hour period expires.
- "Use incoming SMS security filter" – You may restrict the users that can access the unit, users sending SMS to the wireless modem to control configurable options or to return current statuses by selecting "Use incoming SMS security filter". With this setting, only phone numbers in the phone number list will be accepted.
- "Reference Date" – Reference date (typical 05-01-01) is need for the Real Time Clock set by ETM IoT Cloud Dashboard (EWO).
- "Use External Cellular Antenna" – **Note!** This is only valid for DeltaBlue, GPS (71505, previously 71500)

HW Model No - HW Serial No

Here the model number and serial number for the unit are shown.

Init AT/ET-Command Table

Here you may set various AT and/or ET commands that are executed at power up.

Alarm messages

- "Append Alarm status" allows you to choose whether or not to add the status (High or Low) to the alert message. This is enabled by default.
- "Append Unit ID" allows you to choose whether or not to add the Unit ID to the alert message.

Real Time Clock Sync

Select how the RTC is synchronized. Automatically sync it to EWO or use NTP Servers. Real Time Clock sync with NTP servers will occur at start-up and every 12 hours.

The unit is using the NIST time information to adjust for time zone and daylight saving if "sync in local time" is used. This may not work in all parts of the world and depends on the telecom operator.

Note: Do not use NTP clock sync with EWO.

CHANNELS TAB

This section has settings for the I/O channels and the corresponding alarms.

File EEPROM Help

Set COM Port COM3: CLOSED READ MEMORY WRITE MEMORY

General Settings Channels Data Transfer/Logging/Timers Communication Logged Data Terminal Server Channel Calibration

Channel 1 Settings

Open → Close(N.O) Alarm message
Low Alarm I/O1

Close → Open(N.C) Alarm message
Restore Alarm I/O1

Digital IO Alarm
☒ Off
☐ Open to Close(N.O)
☐ Close to Open(N.C)
☐ Both levels

Port
 Direction
☒ Input
☐ Output
 Initial State
☐ OFF
☐ ON

SMS Phone Number
☐
☐
☐
☐
☐

UMTS/GPRS Alarm(port 2200)
 TCP Server Selection
☐ IP1 or IP2 (IP Group A)*
☐ IP3 or IP4 (IP Group B)*
 UDP Server Selection
☐ IP1 ☐ IP2

ET-cmd sending
☐ Send ET-cmd internally
 Open→Close(N.O) Msg cmd

 Close→Open(N.C) Msg cmd

Alarm delay
 [sec]

Restore delay
☒ Off ☐ On
 [sec]

For channels 1, we have the following options:

Open→Close(N.O) Alarm Message

This message will be sent when a circuit involving the actual I/O pin changes from open to closed (from not connected to grounded). The I/O is indicating high signal when not connected, pull upped. See later in this document for examples.

Close→Open(N.C) Alarm Message

This message will be sent when a circuit involving the actual I/O pin changes from close to open (from grounded to not connected). The I/O is indicating high signal when not connected, pull upped. See later in this document for examples.

Digital I/O alarm

Set which type of change that will trigger an alarm. The I/O is indicating high signal when not connected, pull upped. See later in this document for examples.

Port

Set the I/O to input or output. In the case of output, set the initial state to ON or OFF.

SMS Phone Number

This setting is used to specify which, if any, phone numbers to use for sending SMS alarms related to this input.

Note: Never tick a blank number as this will cause the wireless mode to try to repeatedly send an alarm to a non-existent number.

Alarm (port 2200)

- "TCP Server Selection" allows for the sending of any alarm via TCP to server address and port specified in the Communication tab.
- "UDP Server Selection" allows for the sending of alarms via UDP.

ET-cmd sending

Allows for internal sending of an ET command, which could be used to change a timer or turn on/off an output as the result of an alarm trigger or an input.

Alarm delay

Waits a specified time before the alarm is activated. It is recommended to activate this to reduce the incidence of multiple SMS being sent in the event of chattering/bouncing contacts.

Restore delay

Stops additional alarm messages occurring within a specified time of the original event.

Analogue Input Alarm

Channels 2-6 can also be set to Analogue input. Channel 7 is currently not available in DeltaBlue.

Channel 3 Settings

Open → Close(N.O) Alarm message
Low Alarm I/O3
Close → Open(N.C) Alarm message
Restore Alarm I/O3

Digital IO Alarm
☒ Off
☐ Open to Close(N.O)
☐ Close to Open(N.C)
☐ Both levels

SMS Phone Number
☐
☐
☐
☐

UMTS/GPRS Alarm(port 2200)
TCP Server Selection
☐ IP1 or IP2 (IP Group A)*
☐ IP3 or IP4 (IP Group B)*
UDP Server Selection
☐ IP1 ☐ IP2

Port
Direction
☒ Input
☐ Output
Initial State
☐ OFF
☒ ON
☒ Digital I/O
☐ Analogue Input

ET-cmd sending
☐ Send ET-cmd internally
Open→Close(N.O) Msg cmd

Close→Open(N.C) Msg cmd

Alarm delay
 [sec]
Restore delay
☒ Off ☐ On
 [sec]

Analogue Input Alarm
Alarm on
☒ Off
☐ Low level
☐ High level
☐ Both levels
High level [mV]

Hysteresis(-/+):
 mV
Low level [mV]

☒ Send Alert Message on Restore to normal analogue level

Allows for high level, low level or both, with hysteresis.

Hysteresis can be set; this is useful in eliminating nuisance alarms resulting from analogue values fluctuating above and below the alarm set point, which would otherwise cause multiple alarms to be sent.

Channel 5 Settings

Open → Close(N.O) Alarm message
Low Alarm I/O5

Close → Open(N.C) Alarm message
Restore Alarm I/O5

Digital IO Alarm
☒ Off
☐ Open to Close(N.O)
☐ Close to Open(N.C)
☐ Both levels

Port
 Direction: ☒ Input ☐ Output
 Initial State: ☐ OFF ☒ ON
☒ Digital I/O ☐ Analogue Input

Alarm delay: 0 [sec]
 Restore delay: 600 [sec]

Analogue Input Alarm
 Alarm on: ☒ Off ☐ Low level ☐ High level ☐ Both levels
 High level [mV]: 2500
 Low level [mV]: 2500
 Hysteresis(+/-): 60 mV
☒ Send Alert Message on Restore to normal analogue level

SMS Phone Number
☐
☐
☐
☐
☐

UMTS/GPRS Alarm(port 2200)
 TCP Server Selection
☐ IP1 or IP2 (IP Group A)*
☐ IP3 or IP4 (IP Group B)*
 UDP Server Selection
☐ IP1 ☐ IP2

For channels 5 and 6 the options for sending ET-commands are not available.

Power In Monitor Settings

Alarm message
Low battery

Power In Low Level: 4 [V]

SMS Phone Number
☐
☐
☐
☐
☐

UMTS/GPRS Alarm(port 2200)
 TCP Server Selection
☐ IP1 or IP2 (IP Group A)*
☐ IP3 or IP4 (IP Group B)*
 UDP Server Selection
☐ IP1 ☐ IP2

ET-cmd sending
☐ Send ET-cmd internally
 Open→Close(N.O) Msg cmd

Alarm delay: 0 [sec]
 Restore delay: 600 [sec]

Analogue Input Alarm
 Alarm on: ☒ Off ☐ Low level
 Low level [V]: 25
☒ Send Alert Message on Restore to normal analogue level

The unit can send an alarm when the unit's supply voltage level has fallen below a specific level. This can be used as a warning for backup battery, solar or mains power failure applications.

For most of the options in this section, refer to previous sections on channels 1-6.

There are however some options that are specific to this section:

Alarm message

Set an alarm message for low battery level.

Power in Low Level

If the supply voltage falls below this value, the unit will turn into shutdown mode. Here, the cellular module will be turned off, and only the processor will be operational.

Analogue Input Alarm

Activate the alarm for low battery level, and specify this level.

DATA TRANSFER / LOGGING / TIMERS TAB

Common settings for all channels

- "Log interval in min" – Input value in minutes to decide logging
- "Pulse Counting Transition" –
- "Analogue Values" – Default (presented in mV) uses the #21 format while "Scaled with calibrated values" uses the #22 format.
- Send to server for logged data
- "Activate and send data to server" – If checked, "connect to ISP at start up" also activates. Also applies if SWT 3 and 4 is activated.

File EEPROM Help

COM1: CLOSED READ MEMORY WRITE MEMORY ETM CT Profile Ver

General Settings Channels Data Transfer/Logging/Timers Communication Logged Data Terminal Server Channel Calibration

Data transfer/logging and Timer Settings

☒ Read/Set SWT Timers when Read/Write Memory ☒ Clear Log area when Write Memory [-> Read only Timers](#) [<- Set only Timers](#)

Data Logging (SWT1)

☒ Data Logging

☒ Off

☐ On (Timed)

☐ On (Timed/Event on I/O1)

Pulse Counting Transition

☐ Low to high

☐ High to low

☒ Both

Periodicity

Data log interval: 10

☒ Periodic ☐ Synchronized

☐ Use Pulse Count Value On Event

☐ Toggle SensFeed(ch30) 5 sec before logging ☒ Use Freq calculation

Input Ch 1 (I/O1) ☐ Pulse Digital ☐ Freq ☐ Input Ch 5 (I/O5) ☐ Digital Analogue

Input Ch 2 (I/O2) ☐ Digital Analogue ☐ Input Ch 6 (I/O6) ☐ Digital Analogue

Input Ch 3 (I/O3) ☐ Digital Analogue ☐ Input Ch 7 (I/O7) ☐ Digital Analogue

Input Ch 4 (I/O4) ☐ Digital Analogue

Send interval logged data (SWT2)

☐ Activate and send data (port 2150)

IP Address ☒ IP1 ☐ IP2 IP1:

Periodicity

Send interval: 10

☒ Periodic ☐ Synchronized

Data packets to send (port 2150)

[#21] format

☐ Append Units

☐ Append Control Char

Monitoring data (SWT3)

☐ Activate and send data (port 2800)

IP Address ☒ IP1 ☐ IP2 IP1:

Periodicity

Send interval: 10

☒ Periodic ☐ Synchronized

Data packets to send (port 2800)

☐ [#1] format Info status ☐ [#6] format Digital Port status

☐ [#3] format Unit ID ☐ [#7] format Latest logged value

☐ [#4] format Analogue Port status ☐ [#8] format ET-Command response

☐ [#5] format GPS Position

Monitoring data (SWT4)

☐ Activate and send data (port 2880)

IP Address ☒ IP1 ☐ IP2 IP1:

Periodicity

Send interval: 10

☒ Periodic ☐ Synchronized

Data packets to send (port 2880)

☐ [#1] format Info status ☐ [#6] format Digital Port status

☐ [#3] format Unit ID ☐ [#7] format Latest logged value

☐ [#4] format Analogue Port status ☐ [#8] format ET-Command response

☐ [#5] format GPS Position

Each part of this tab covers a particular timer (SWT<x>) that controls the sending of certain data types.

The three timers that relate to the sending of data are:

- SWT2 – This timer sends the archived/logged data. The sending port will be 2150.

- SWT3 – This time sends the current values as configured. The sending port will be 2800.
- SWT4 – This time sends the current values as configured. The sending port will be 2880.

The data types are defined in the separate document "ETM Modems TCP UDP Protocol spec". Contact ETM for details.

Setting the SWT timers

Setting the SWT timers is done by entering the interval in minutes in the periodicity area.

Select if the unit shall send the data in periodic interval starting at the unit boot up time or if the data send interval shall be synchronised on the hour change e.g. 02:00, 04:00, 06:00 etc if the interval is set to 120 minutes.

One thing to note about using "Synchronized" is that if the software clock has a time that is past the time entered; the unit will not trigger the timer until the following day.

Data Logging (SWT1)

A limited amount of data can be stored in the memory during periods of network outages or if sleep mode is used.

Data logging

- Off
- On (timed)
- On (Timed/Event on I/O1) – When an alarm event occurs on I/O1 the unit log a value. This function is only available on channel 1.

Pulse Counting Transition

- Low to high – Counts a pulse on transition from closed circuit (<0.5V) to open circuit (>2.5V).
- High to low – Counts a pulse on transition from open circuit (>2.5V) to closed circuit (<0.5V).
- Both – Uses both "Low to high" and "High to low".
- The pulse register can hold a value between 0 – 4294967295.

Periodicity

- Periodic – This works on the configured interval, so that a log will occur every X minutes. There is however no control of what actual time the logging starts, so if you need logging to occur at a certain time you need to use "Synchronized".
- Synchronized – This starts at the nominated time and adds the "Send interval" to that time so the next send is performed at the time required.
- There is one significant issue with the second type of timing for logging/sending, since it depends on the Real Time Clock. If your device is powered off and then powered on again at a later time the Real Time Clock, which is a software and not a hardware clock, will now be out of sync with the real time and your chosen starting times will no longer be accurate.
- The device can have its Real Time Clock and Reference Date reset by connecting to the USB port and sending the correct ET commands, the wireless modem does not need to be

put into command mode but it must also not be asleep. Another way is that when the wireless modem connects by TCP or UDP the server can issue commands to resynchronize the wireless modems Real Time Clock and Reference Date.

Channel selection

Select the channel to be logged and the type of logging required.

Send interval logged data (SWT2)

Causes the archived/logged data in any selected inputs to be sent every X minutes.

The data will be sent to the IP-address and port specified as IP1 or IP2, these are specified in the Communication tab.

[#21] will send logged channel data with timestamps.

[#22] will send logged data scaled according to settings in the Channel Scaling tab.

[#32] will send extra control parameters

Monitoring data (SWT3)

This will send certain types of data through port 2800, depending on your choice:

- [#1] format, Info status - current device information
- [#3] format, Unit ID
- [#4] format, Analogue Port status
- [#5] format is GPS position
- [#6] format, Digital Port status
- [#7] format, Latest logged value
- [#8] format, ET-Command response – this allows the server to interrogate the wireless modem.

These data types are defined in the separate document "ETM Modems TCP UDP Protocol spec". Contact ETM for details.

Monitoring data (SWT4)

This will send certain types of data trough port 2880 (see above for description). This timer also controls the interval for GPS acquisition in DeltaBlue (only valid for part number 71505).

Wake up interval low power (SWT5)

Wake up interval low power (SWT5)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Use Low Power Mode	Periodicity	Analogue Alarm Check Period:
Min Awake Time: <input type="text" value="4"/> [min]	Wake up interval: <input type="text" value="5"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/> [min]
	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Periodic <input type="radio"/> Synchronized	<input type="checkbox"/> Wake-up if Send Req
		<input type="checkbox"/> Sleep when Send Req is Done
Note: Toggling DTR will wake up the MCU.		

This is used when you wish to operate a unit in sleep mode to conserve power. In sleep mode the unit's power consumption drops to approximately 25 μ A. The device digital and analogue alarms will function in sleep mode; however the delays before an alarm is sent are affected by the analogue alarm check period and the time for the unit to wake up and register – the interaction between these timers need to be carefully considered.

- Use Low Power Mode – Enable or disable Low Power Mode (LPM).
- Min Awake Time – Set the minimum period of time that the wireless modem should stay awake.
- The wireless modem may be busy performing configured operation and therefore exceed the time value entered here, but once the configured interval has expired and the wireless modem has been inactive for a short period it will automatically switch to LPM.
- Our recommendation is that this value should never be less than 4 minutes.
- Periodicity – See description above (under Data Logging (SWT1)).
- Analogue Alarm Check Period – If the wireless modem is in LPM then the scanning interval of the analogue inputs can be set to every X minutes.
- Reducing the scanning frequency can provide power savings as the action of scanning an analogue input requires a small power burden when the analogue inputs are powered up to take a reading. In addition if sensor power is used, then reducing the frequency at which the sensor is turned on will save power.
- Wake-up if Send Req – The unit wakes up if there is a send request triggered by another timer (SWT2, 3 or 4). If not checked, the unit will only wake up according to the SWT5 time interval, and then perform the required tasks.
- Note: Alarm tasks will always wake up the unit.
- Sleep when Send Req is Done – The unit will go back to LPM as soon as the required tasks are performed. If not checked, the unit will stay awake for the time specified under "Min Awake Time".

What you should know about the Low Power Mode

- If the unit operates from a battery and you need to conserve power it can be set to wake up every X minutes, for Y minutes, to send data etc.
- When the wireless modem wakes up it will scan the SWT timers and determine which timers are ready to trigger a data send.
- If an SWT timer is not ready to trigger a data send, and the wireless modem wakes up, then any sending for that timer will be ignored.
- During Low Power Mode operation there is no contact with the network and SMS will be held in the carriers SMS Central, so you cannot guarantee the order in which SMS will be delivered to the wireless modem. This means that you if you send an SMS to configure an option and later send a reset, then there is no guarantee which of the commands that will be executed first. As a reset can cause the wireless modem to restart without consideration of

any other activity on the wireless modem, you might find that your second (configuration) command "gets lost" so you need to plan accordingly.

- During Low Power Mode operation a change on a configured I/O that would normally cause an alert to occur will cause the unit to wake up. The I/O's are scanned every X minutes in Low Power Mode, so there is no guarantee that a unit will stay in Low Power Mode for as long as expected.
- You should configure sufficient awake time so that the wireless modem can complete any task that you have set such as delivering #21 or #22 data or accepting commands using a #8 connection.

Heart Beat package

Heart Beat package		
Send Data every : <input type="text" value="0"/> [min]	UDP Sending	
Send Data in Socket every:	<input type="checkbox"/> [#3] format, Unit ID (port 2100) <input type="checkbox"/> [#3] format, Unit ID (port 2040) <input type="checkbox"/> [#4] format, Analogue Port status (port 2050) <input type="checkbox"/> [#6] format, Digital Port status (port 2051)	
SMS Sending <input type="checkbox"/> [#30] format, Unit ID Sync to SMS poll period	Ping Sending <input type="checkbox"/> Ping format <input type="checkbox"/> Use Local IP when sending Ping No of Ping failures before ISP disconnect: <input type="text" value="10"/>	

Note: This feature has the potential to cause issues if your carrier does not support short interval sending with minimal data content. Check your carrier's terms of use before you start to use these features.

- "Send Data every x [min]" sets the value in minutes for the interval between sends. This value must be equal to or larger than the "SMS Poll Period" under the "General Settings" tab.
- "SMS sending" – "[#30] format, Unit ID" sends an SMS formatted as "#30...." every X minutes to provide an indication that the unit is still "alive".
- UDP sending:
 - [#3] format, Unit ID (port 2100) – This sends the Unit ID from port 2100.
 - [#3] format, Unit ID (port 2040) – This sends the Unit ID from port 2040, this is the same port as the local port specified in the "Communication" tab.
 - [#4] format, Analogue Port status (port 2050) – This sends the current Analogue Port status value from port 2050.
 - [#6] format, Digital Port status (port 2051) – This sends the current Digital Port statuses from port 2051.

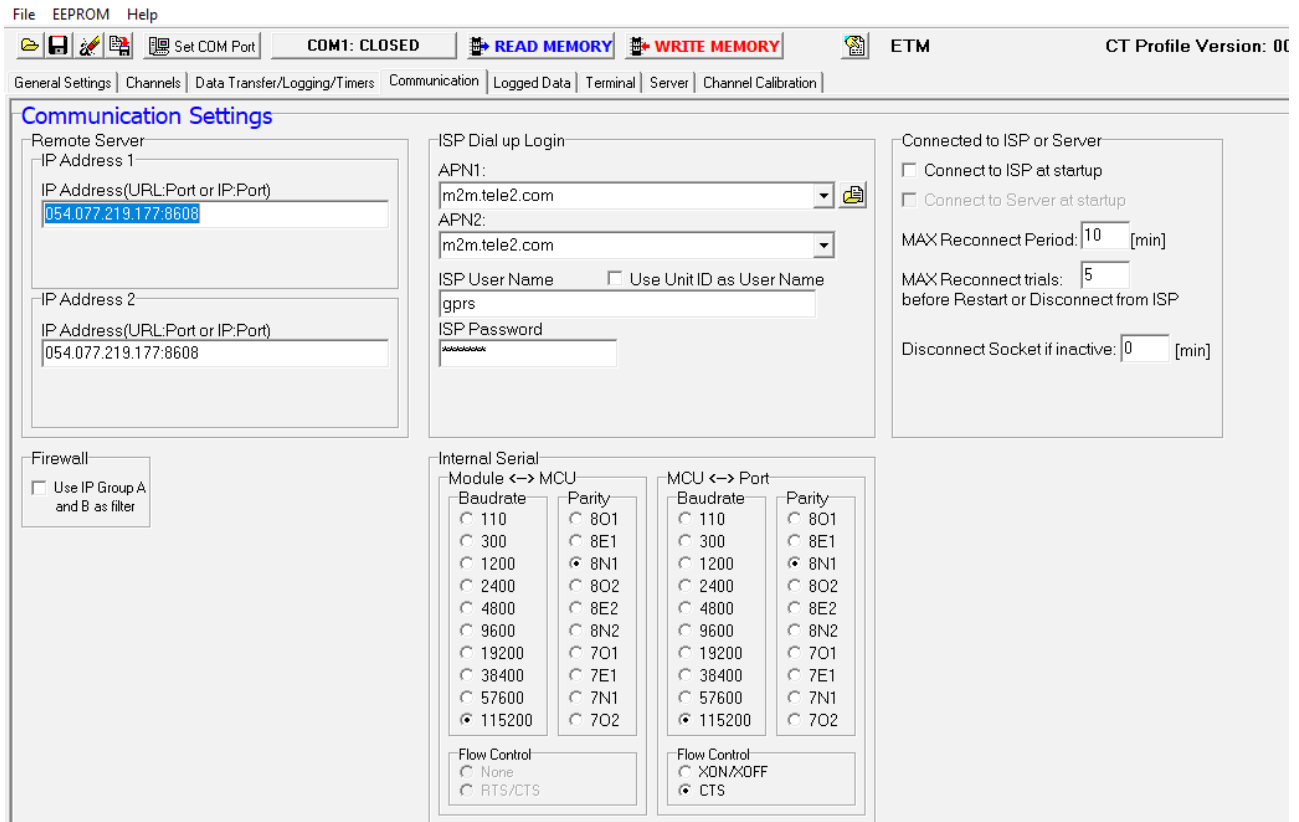
The advantages of sending this data by using UDP, a connectionless protocol, is that transmission costs are reduced compared to TCP.

The disadvantages of sending this data by using UDP is that because UDP is a connectionless protocol there is no guarantee that the data will be delivered. The

wireless modem does not implement any form of delivery success detection on top of UDP.

- Ping Sending:
 - "Ping format" needs to be checked for this feature to function.
 - "No of Ping failures before ISP disconnect" means that if an initial data send cannot be initiated then a "ping failure" is registered. After a configured amount of failures the ISP considered to be disconnected and the wireless modem will attempt to reconnect to the carrier.
 - "Use Local IP when sending Ping" is used to make the wireless modem ping itself in an effort to maintain the ISP connection.

COMMUNICATION TAB



This section has settings which controls how the wireless modem communicates over the internet with a server. There are also settings for the communication with the internal module.

Remote Server

- IP Address 1 or 2 are addresses that can be used in several other parts of the configuration tool. The IP address and port is entered as 54.77.219.177:8608 for IP address 54.77.219.177 and port 8608. **Note! Do not enter in the format 054.077.219.177:8608.**
- You may need to forward the chosen port to a server behind your firewall.

ISP Dial up Login

- APN sets the Access Point Name to use with the ISP connection
- You can overwrite any of the available APNs if your APN does not exist in the list.
- If you want to create your own list of APNs you need only create a text file with the appropriate APNs and the select the "file open" button to the right of the topmost APN dropdown list to load your chosen list.

- "ISP User Name" and "ISP Password" is the appropriate login information for the service being utilised.

Connected to ISP or Server

- Connect to ISP at startup – When the unit powers up it can automatically connect to the ISP.
- Connect to Server at startup – When the unit powers up and automatically connects to the ISP, the unit will establish a socket to IP1 or IP2.
- Use of this feature will cause some aspects of the capabilities in the "Data Transfer/Logging/Timers" tab to be unavailable. Use of this feature would result in a permanent connection being maintained to the specified server.
- Max Reconnect Period – This is the maximum time a reconnection will be attempted before it is considered a failure. We recommend a value of 10 here.
- Max Reconnect Trials – This is the maximum amount of times a reconnect will be attempted before the device tries to select another access technology. The device starts to connect via 4G technologies at start up. If the max reconnection trials using 4G have been reached, it will try to connect via 3G. If the max reconnection using 3G trials has been reached, it will try to connect via 2G. If the max reconnection using 2G trials has been reached, it will try to connect via 4G again. If a successful connection has been established, the same access technology will be used the next attempt until a restart of the device is performed. We recommend a value of 5 here.
- Note in relation to the Reconnect Period and Trials:
- If the Low Power Mode (LPM) timer (see Data transfer/Logging/Timers tab) expires before the reconnection period/trials, then the wireless modem will not reset and will instead go into sleep mode (LPM). When the wireless modem comes out of sleep mode (LPM) the previous failures will be ignored and the counters will start again. This allows the wireless modem to continue to perform as a data logger in a situation where there is no signal.
- Disconnect socket if inactive X min – This can be used to disconnect from your server if you don't send data for the specified period (e.g. to save costs).
- After disconnection from the server, you can still send SMS or UDP packages to the unit. To cause it to reconnect if required, the unit must be powered or connected to an ISP (for UDP).
- This feature is not useful if the sleep mode functionality is being used.

Firewall

If you turn on the firewall, only IP-packets coming from the IP-addresses specified in Group A and Group B will be responded to.

Internal Serial – setting the baud rate

The baud rate for the wireless modem can be set in this section. As default the unit is set to a baud rate of 115200.

- Module \leftrightarrow MCU should match MCU \leftrightarrow Port.
- MCU \leftrightarrow Port sets the USB Port on the device and should be adjusted to suit your device connected to the port.
- For "Flow Control", currently only CTS is supported.

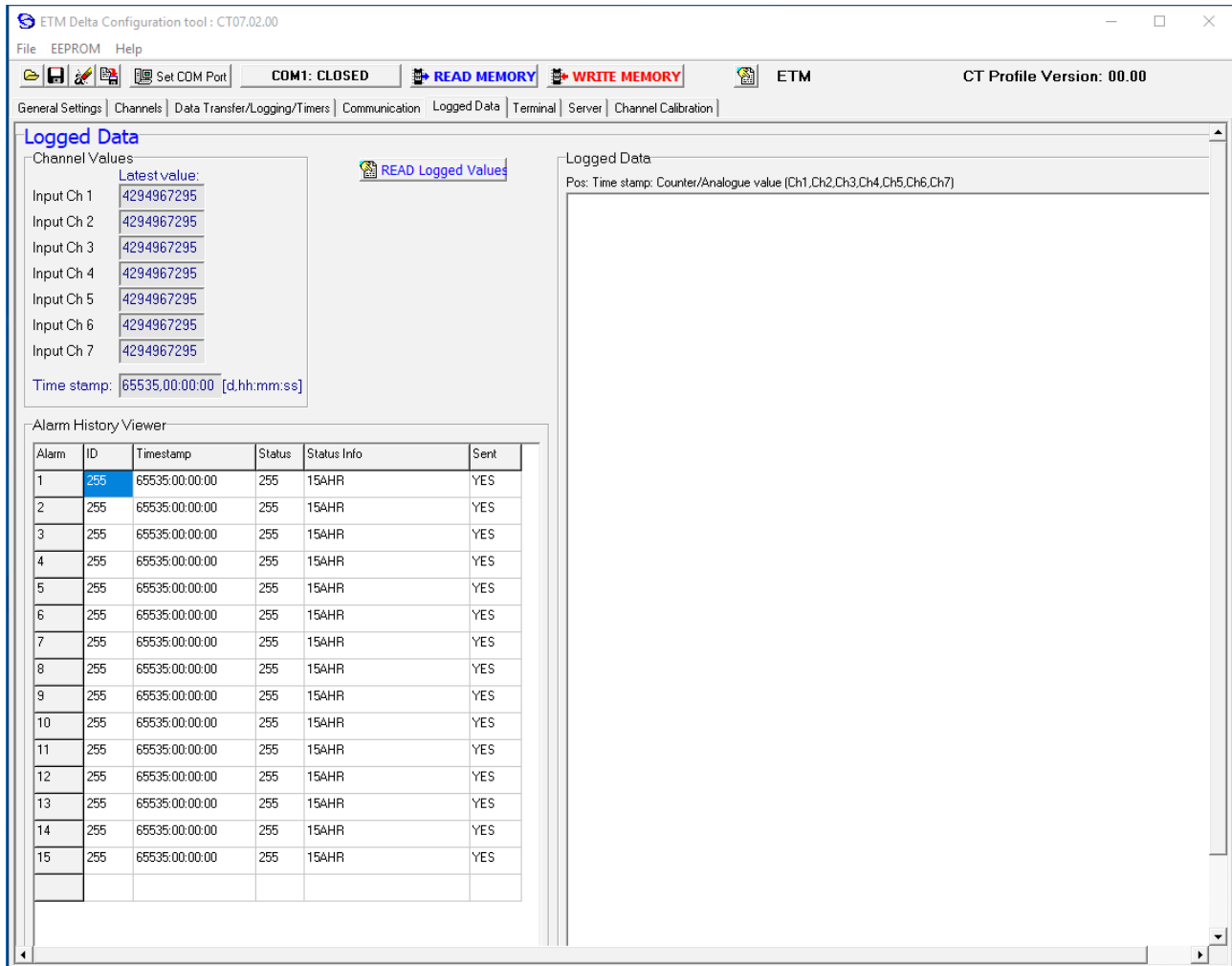
For a baud rate of 9600, 57600 or 115200, the MCU will use a feature called "auto baud" to adjust to the correct baud rate. For other baud rates, the internal module must be reconfigured manually.

To adjust the baud rate manually for the internal engine/module (PLS62-W), use the AT+IPR command:

- Send ETSC1 in the terminal window to change to AT-command mode.
- Send AT+IPR=xxx, where xxx is the desired baud rate (e.g. AT+IPR=115200).
- Send --- to return to ET-command mode and continue programming the unit.

LOGGED DATA TAB

A limited amount of data can be stored in the memory during periods of network outages or if sleep mode is used.



ETM Delta Configuration tool: CT07.02.00

File EEPROM Help

Set COM Port COM1: CLOSED READ MEMORY WRITE MEMORY ETM CT Profile Version: 00.00

General Settings Channels Data Transfer/Logging/Timers Communication Logged Data Terminal Server Channel Calibration

Logged Data

Channel Values

Latest value:

Input Ch 1 4294967295

Input Ch 2 4294967295

Input Ch 3 4294967295

Input Ch 4 4294967295

Input Ch 5 4294967295

Input Ch 6 4294967295

Input Ch 7 4294967295

Time stamp: 65535.00:00:00 [d.hh:mm:ss]

READ Logged Values

Alarm History Viewer

Alarm	ID	Timestamp	Status	Status Info	Sent
1	255	65535.00:00:00	255	15AHR	YES
2	255	65535.00:00:00	255	15AHR	YES
3	255	65535.00:00:00	255	15AHR	YES
4	255	65535.00:00:00	255	15AHR	YES
5	255	65535.00:00:00	255	15AHR	YES
6	255	65535.00:00:00	255	15AHR	YES
7	255	65535.00:00:00	255	15AHR	YES
8	255	65535.00:00:00	255	15AHR	YES
9	255	65535.00:00:00	255	15AHR	YES
10	255	65535.00:00:00	255	15AHR	YES
11	255	65535.00:00:00	255	15AHR	YES
12	255	65535.00:00:00	255	15AHR	YES
13	255	65535.00:00:00	255	15AHR	YES
14	255	65535.00:00:00	255	15AHR	YES
15	255	65535.00:00:00	255	15AHR	YES

Logged Data

Pos: Time stamp: Counter/Analogue value (Ch1,Ch2,Ch3,Ch4,Ch5,Ch6,Ch7)

Channel values

Latest value for all input channels.

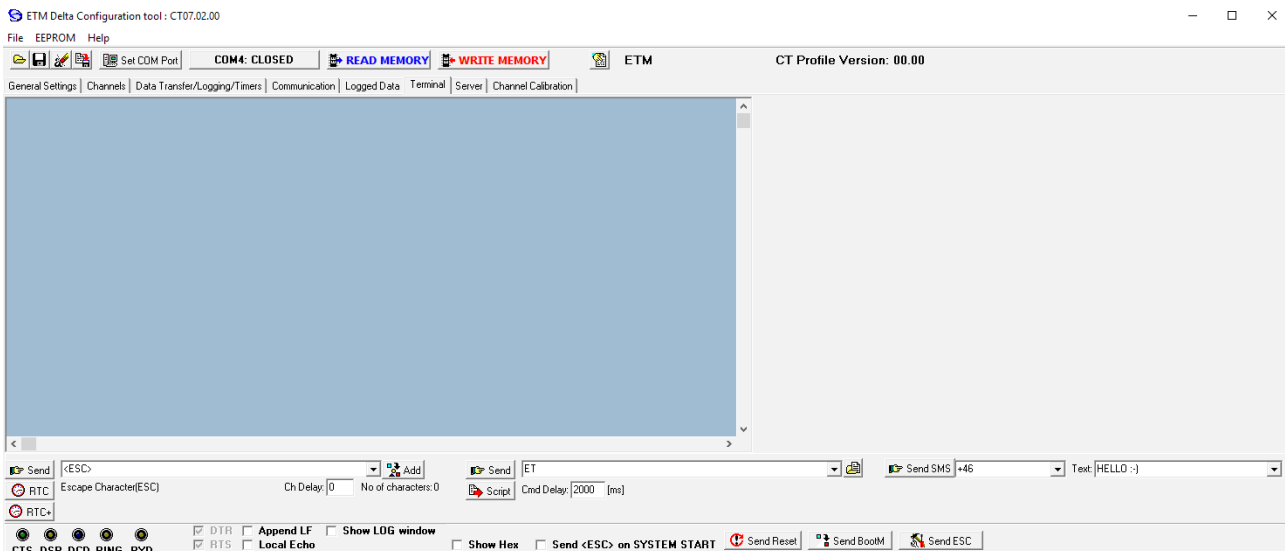
Alarm History Viewer

List of alarms sent by the wireless modem.

Logged data

This area shows the data as it is retrieved from the wireless modem.

TERMINAL TAB



In the terminal window you can see the output from the unit and type commands to the unit.

Note: Remember to place the cursor inside the window before you type any commands.

Entering command mode

Place the cursor inside the window and press "escape" (or have "Send ESC on SYSTEM START" checked) to stop the start up sequence and put the unit into ESC mode. You may also issue ET commands when in normal operation mode but the unit might be busy and fail to execute the command (wait and try again).

Make sure to set the baud rate to 115200 for the escape sequence to work. You do that by clicking the "Set COM Port" button, and choose 115200 in the dropdown menu under "Baud Rate".

Send buttons

- You can select a number of predefined commands by using the dropdown menu to the left. Each command has a short description, for details refer to "Control Via ET Commands" later in this document.
- The dropdown menu on the right has previously used commands, to make sending a command repeatedly easier.
- "Send Reset" – Software reset.
- "Send BootM" – Jumps from main program to boot program.
- "Send ESC" – Sends the command "ESC" to the module, which puts the module in programmable mode.

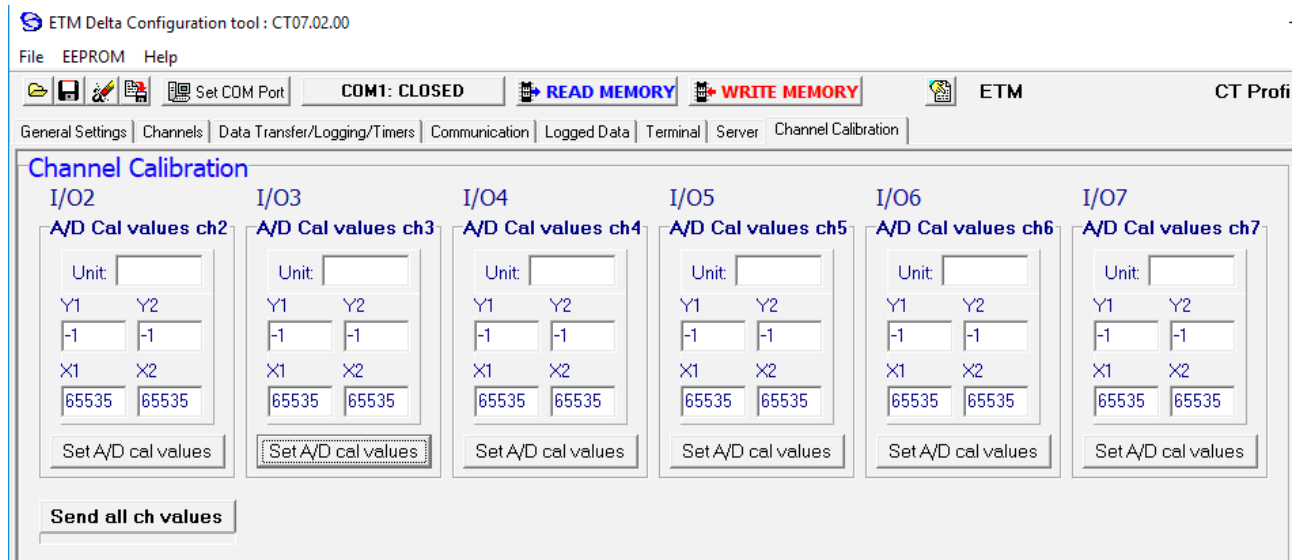
Set RTC

This button is used to set the Reference Date and Time.

Reprogram using CSD

If your SIM has been provisioned for Circuit Switched Data, then it is possible to dial into the unit from the terminal window and re-program the unit remotely.

CHANNEL SCALING TAB



This tab shows the current calibration/scaling parameters for the input.

Each analogue channel has the resolution of 4096 steps.

Example:

We have a temperature sensor, specified to give 1000 mV at 10 °C and 2000 mV at 20 °C. If we are using an analogue channel configured for 0-2500 mV, this corresponds to the steps 0-4095.

We therefore have:

10 °C -> 1000 mV -> step 1638

20 °C -> 2000 mV -> step 3276

Set the calibration parameters:

- Unit = degC
- Y1 = 10
- Y2 = 20
- X1 = 1638
- X2 = 3276

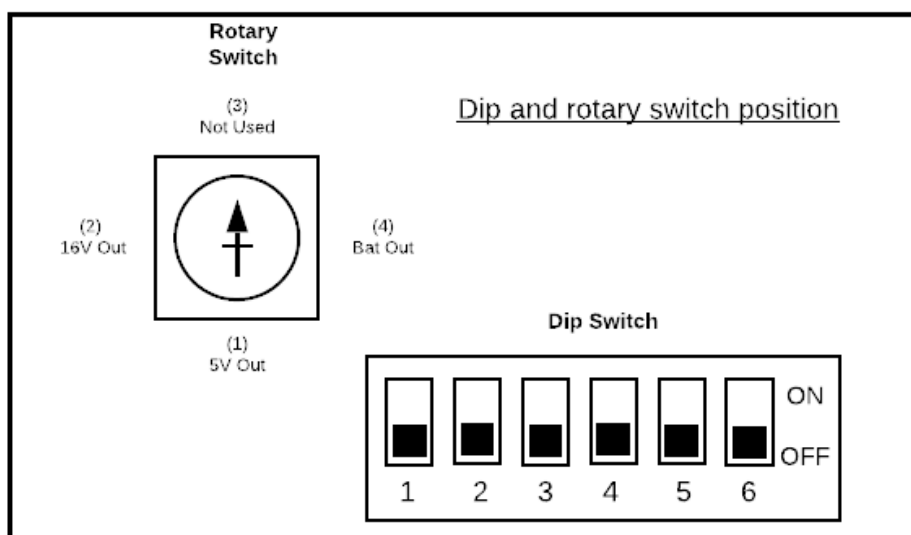
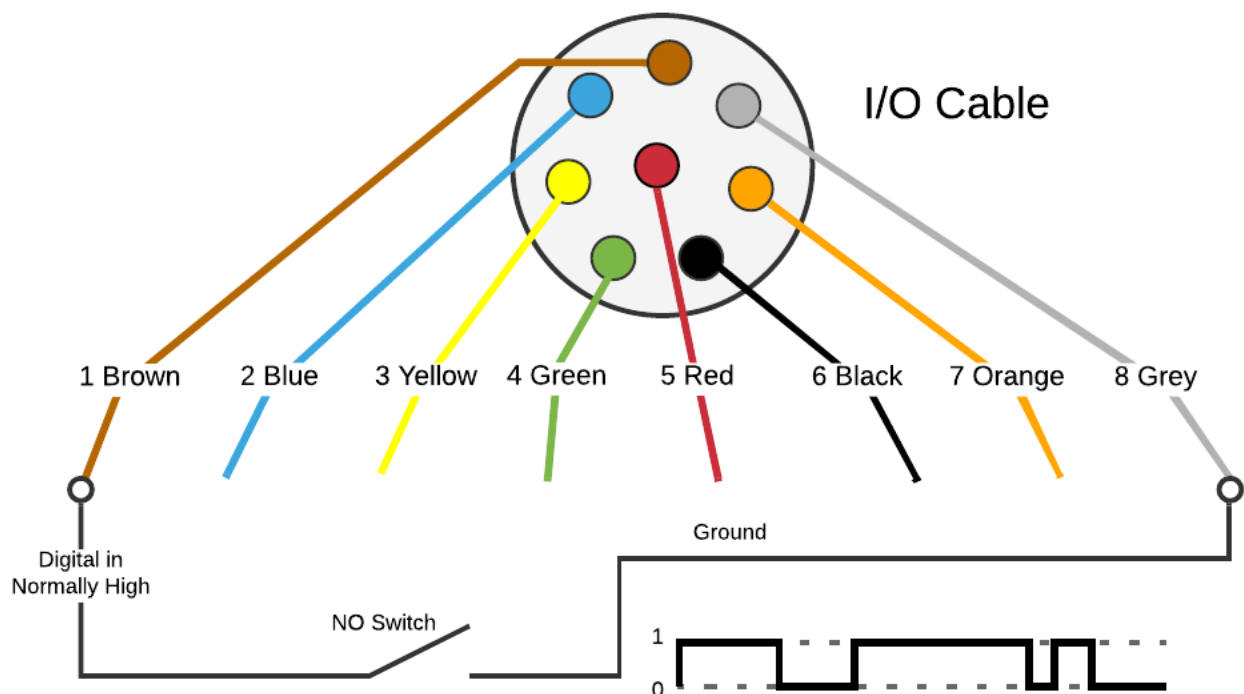
Apply these settings by clicking "Set A/D cal values".

APPLICATION EXAMPLES

This section includes a few examples of how the devices can be electronically wired as well as a couple of software configurations for different types of common applications.

BASIC I/O CONTROL

Wiring Diagram

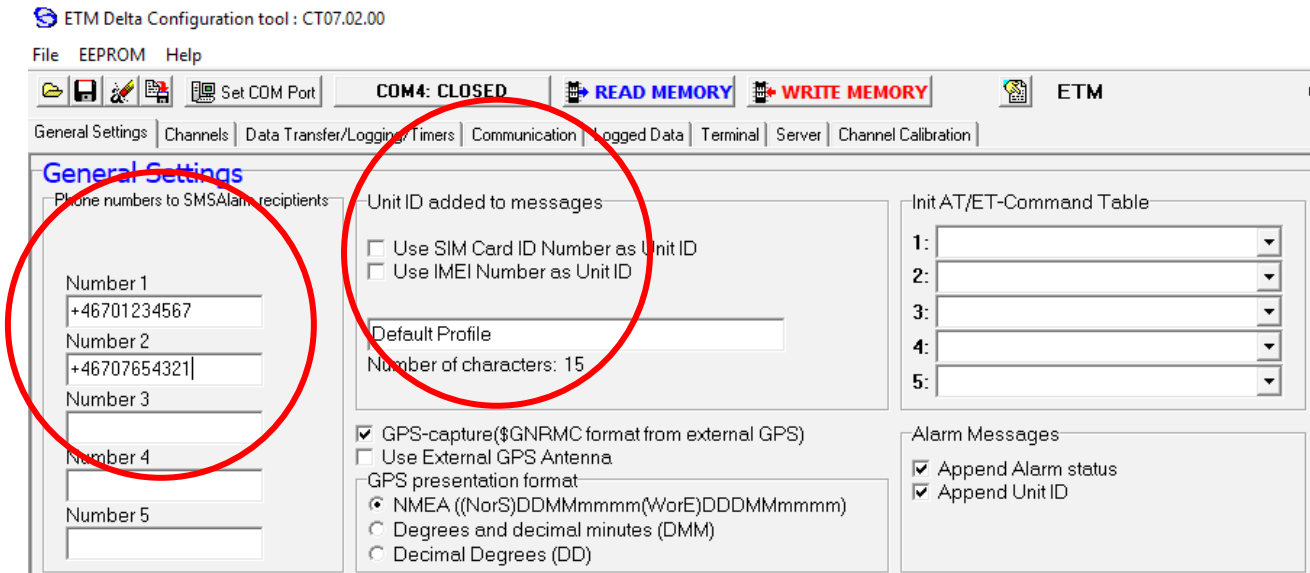


DeltaBlue Channel Description

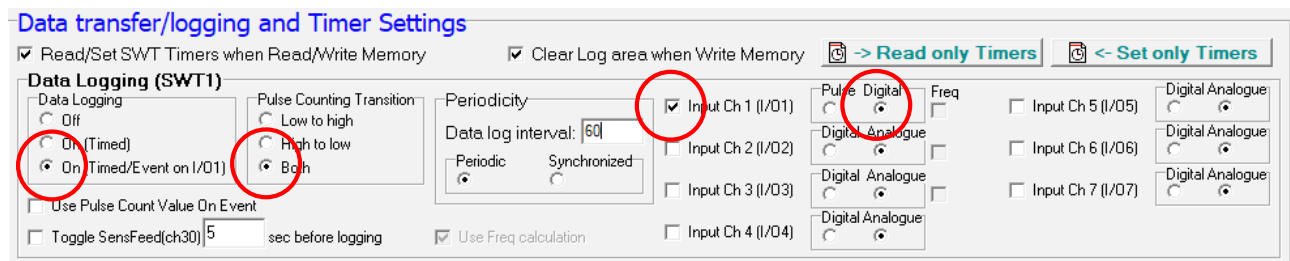
- CH1 (Brown):** DI, Pulse
- CH2 (Blue):** DI or AI 4-20mA
- CH3 (Yellow):** DI or AI 4-20mA
- CH4 (Green):** DI or AI 4-20mA
- CH5 (Red):** DI or AI 4-20mA
- CH6 (Black):** AI 0-5V or 0-10V
- Feed (Orange):** 3.6V, 5V & 16V
- Ground (Grey)**

Configuration Tool Settings

1. Enter Phone Numbers and Unit ID in the General Settings tab.

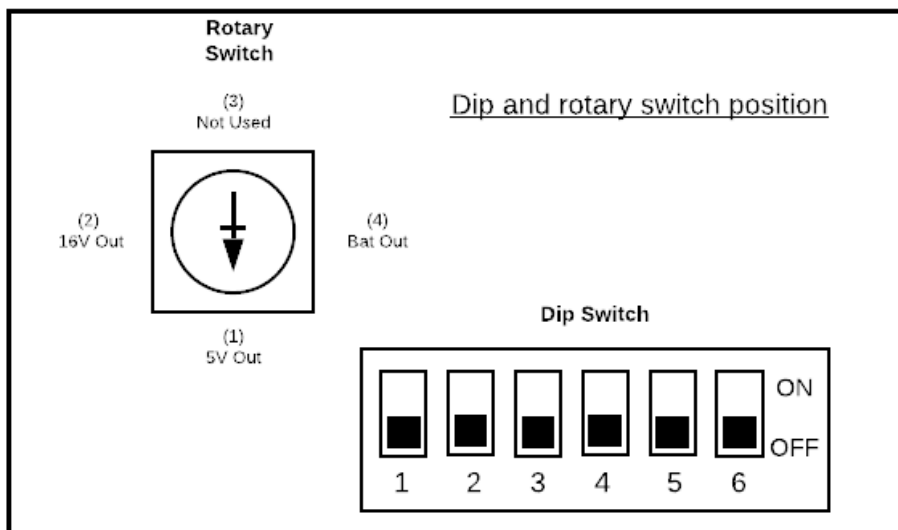
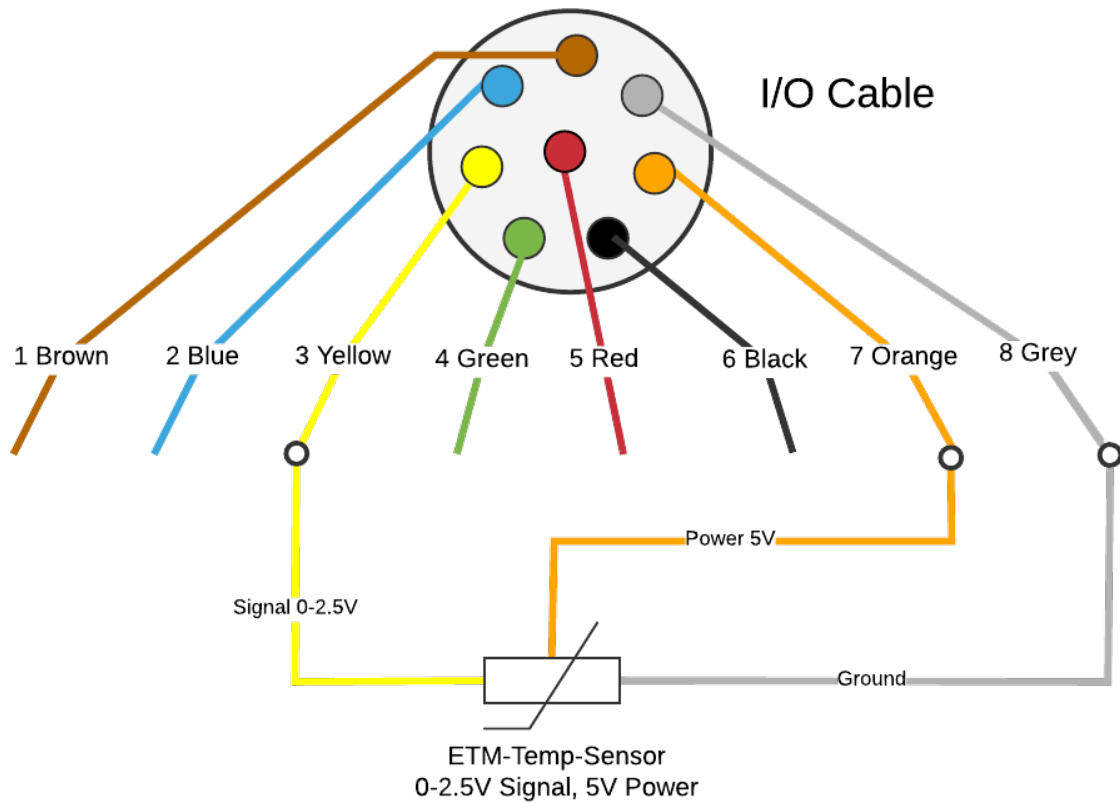


2. In Data Transfer/Logging/Times, Set "Data Logging" to "On(Timed/Event on I/O1)" and "both" checked under "Pulse Counting Transition". Check "Input Ch 1 (I/O1)" and make sure that it's set to digital.



TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Wiring Diagram



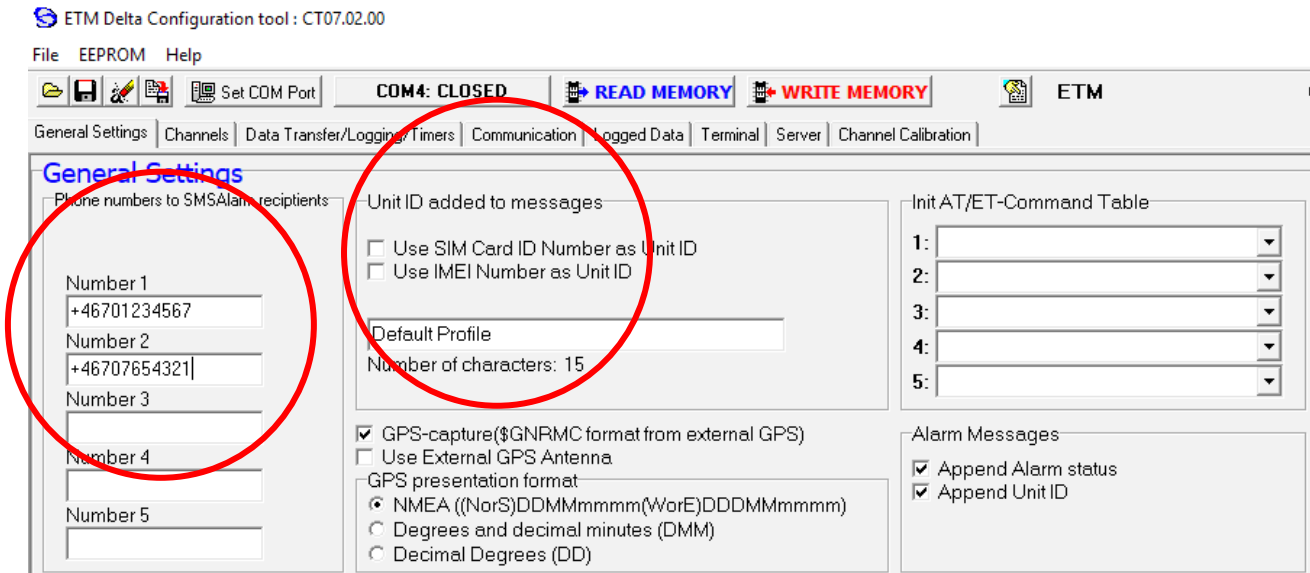
DeltaBlue

Channel Description

- **CH1** (Brown): DI, Pulse
- **CH2** (Blue): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH3** (Yellow): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH4** (Green): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH5** (Red): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH6** (Black): AI 0-5V or 0-10V
- **Feed** (Orange): 3.6V, 5V & 16V
- **Ground** (Grey)

Configuration Tool Settings for temperature logging and alarm

1. Enter Phone Numbers and Unit ID in the General Settings tab.



ETM Delta Configuration tool : CT07.02.00

File EEPROM Help

Set COM Port COM4: CLOSED READ MEMORY WRITE MEMORY ETM

General Settings Channels Data Transfer/Logging/Timers Communication Logged Data Terminal Server Channel Calibration

General Settings

Phone numbers to SMSAlarm recipients

Number 1
+46701234567

Number 2
+46707654321

Number 3

Number 4

Number 5

Unit ID added to messages

☐ Use SIM Card ID Number as Unit ID

☐ Use IMEI Number as Unit ID

Default Profile

Number of characters: 15

☒ GPS-capture(\$GNRMC format from external GPS)

☐ Use External GPS Antenna

GPS presentation format

☒ NMEA ((NorS)DDMMmmmm(WorE)DDDMMmmmm)

☐ Degrees and decimal minutes (DDMM)

☐ Decimal Degrees (DD)

Init AT/ET-Command Table

1:

2:

3:

4:

5:

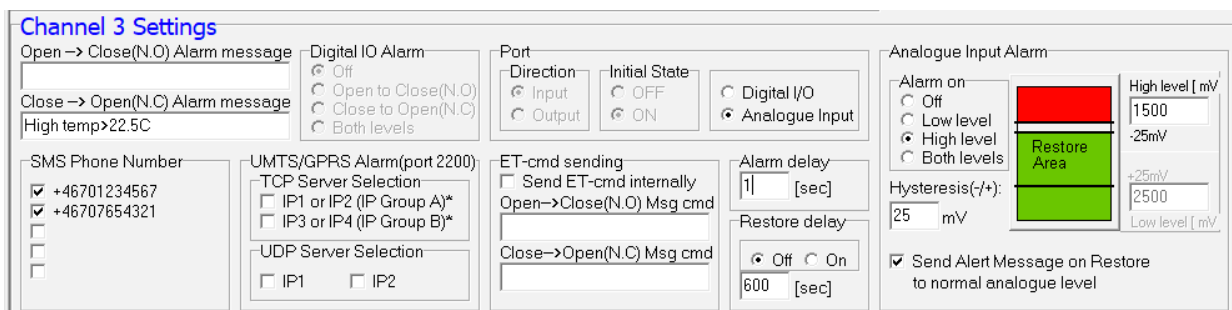
Alarm Messages

☒ Append Alarm status

☒ Append Unit ID

2. Set I/O3 as Analogue, and tick the phone numbers that are valid for this alarm. In this case 500mV represents -40 °C and 2500mV represents 85 °C. Therefore the 1500mV trip point equates to 22.5 °C, in the example below a restore message will be sent when the temperature drops back below 22.5 °C.
3. In Data Transfer/Logging/Times, Set "Data Logging" to "On(Timed)" and check the box "Toggle SensFeed(ch30)". Check "Input Ch 3 (I/O3)" and make sure that it's set to Analogue.

Note: contact ETM for more information on how to correctly set and calibrate analogue inputs.



Channel 3 Settings

Open → Close(N.O) Alarm message

Close → Open(N.C) Alarm message

High temp > 22.5C

SMS Phone Number

☒ +46701234567

☒ +46707654321

UMTS/GPRS Alarm(port 2200)

TCP Server Selection

☐ IP1 or IP2 (IP Group A)*

☐ IP3 or IP4 (IP Group B)*

UDP Server Selection

☐ IP1 ☐ IP2

Digital I/O Alarm

☐ Off

☐ Open to Close(N.O)

☐ Close to Open(N.C)

☐ Both levels

Port

Direction

☒ Input

☐ Output

Initial State

☐ OFF

☐ ON

☐ Digital I/O

☒ Analogue Input

ET-cmd sending

☐ Send ET-cmd internally

Open → Close(N.O) Msg cmd

Close → Open(N.C) Msg cmd

Alarm delay

1 [sec]

Restore delay

☒ Off ☐ On

600 [sec]

Analogue Input Alarm

Alarm on

☐ Off

☐ Low level

☒ High level

☐ Both levels

High level [mV]

1500

Low level [mV]

-25mV

Hysteresis(+/-)

25 mV

Restore Area

+25mV

2500

Low level [mV]

☒ Send Alert Message on Restore to normal analogue level

File EEPROM Help

Set COM Port COM4: CLOSED READ MEMORY

General Settings Channels Data Transfer/Logging/Timers Communication Logged Data Terminal Server Channel Calibration

Data transfer/logging and Timer Settings

☒ Read/Set SWT Timers when Read/Write Memory ☒ Clear Log area when Write Memory [-> Read only Timers](#) [<- Set only Timers](#)

Data Logging (SWT1)

Data Logging
☐ Off
☒ On (Timed)
☐ On (Timed/Event on I/O1)

Pulse Counting Transition
☐ Low to high
☐ High to low
☒ Both

Periodicity
 Data log interval: 10
☒ Periodic ☐ Synchronized

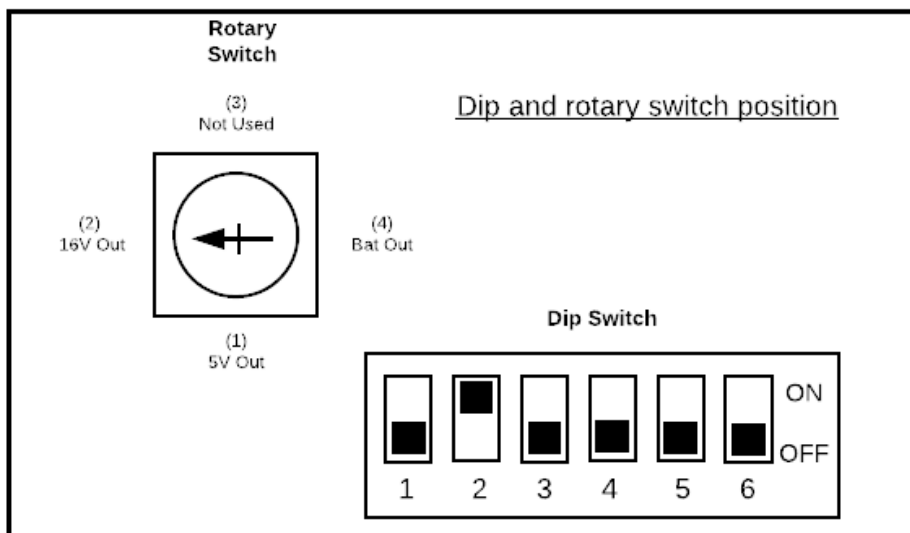
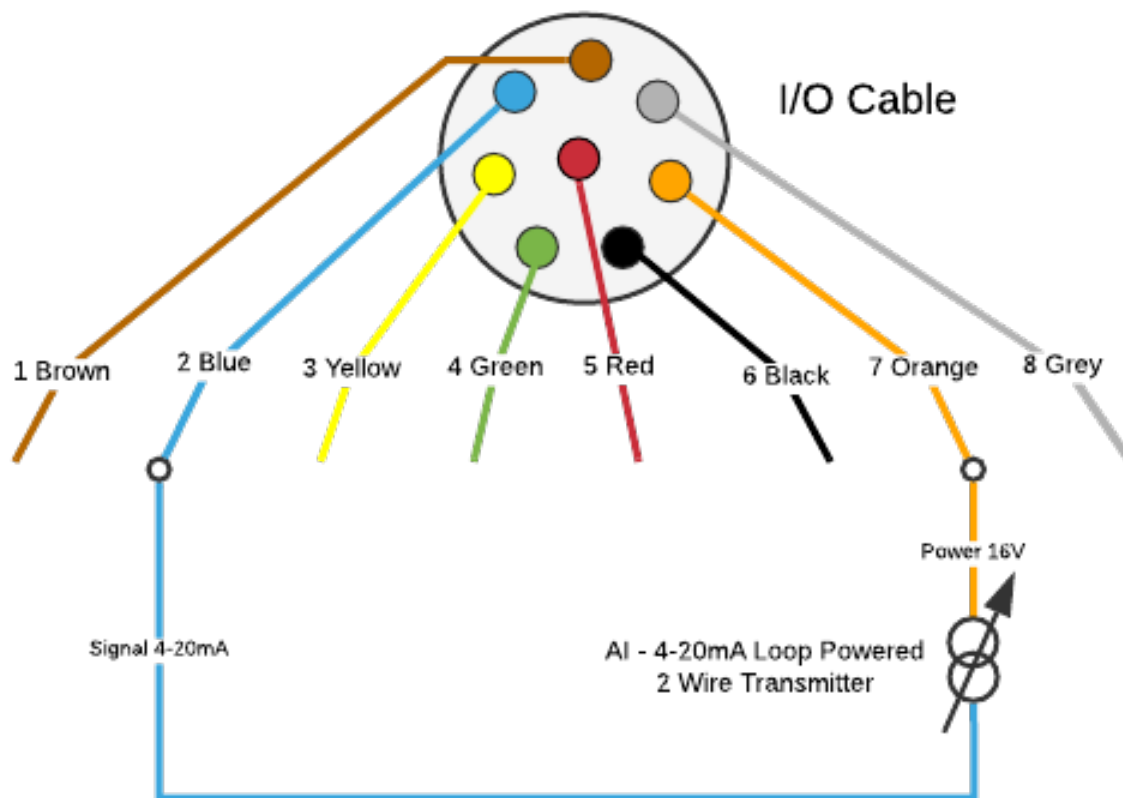
☐ Use Pulse Count Value On Event
☒ Toggle SensFeed(ch30) 5 sec before logging ☒ Use Freq calculation

Input Ch	I/O	Pulse	Digital	Freq	Digital	Analogue
<input type="checkbox"/> Input Ch 1	I/O1	<input type="radio"/> Pulse	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Digital	<input type="checkbox"/> Freq	<input type="checkbox"/> Digital	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Analogue
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Input Ch 2	I/O2	<input type="radio"/> Pulse	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Digital	<input type="checkbox"/> Freq	<input type="checkbox"/> Digital	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Analogue
<input type="checkbox"/> Input Ch 3	I/O3	<input type="radio"/> Pulse	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Digital	<input type="checkbox"/> Freq	<input type="checkbox"/> Digital	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Analogue
<input type="checkbox"/> Input Ch 4	I/O4	<input type="radio"/> Pulse	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Digital	<input type="checkbox"/> Freq	<input type="checkbox"/> Digital	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Analogue
<input type="checkbox"/> Input Ch 5	I/O5	<input type="radio"/> Pulse	<input type="checkbox"/> Digital	<input type="checkbox"/> Freq	<input type="checkbox"/> Digital	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Analogue
<input type="checkbox"/> Input Ch 6	I/O6	<input type="radio"/> Pulse	<input type="checkbox"/> Digital	<input type="checkbox"/> Freq	<input type="checkbox"/> Digital	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Analogue
<input type="checkbox"/> Input Ch 7	I/O7	<input type="radio"/> Pulse	<input type="checkbox"/> Digital	<input type="checkbox"/> Freq	<input type="checkbox"/> Digital	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Analogue

Hysteresis can be set; this is useful in eliminating nuisance alarms resulting from analogue values fluctuating above and below the alarm setpoint causing multiple alarms to be sent. In this example 25mV hysteresis equates to approx. 1.5 degrees.

TANK LEVEL MONITORING WITH 4-20mA SENSOR

Wiring Diagram

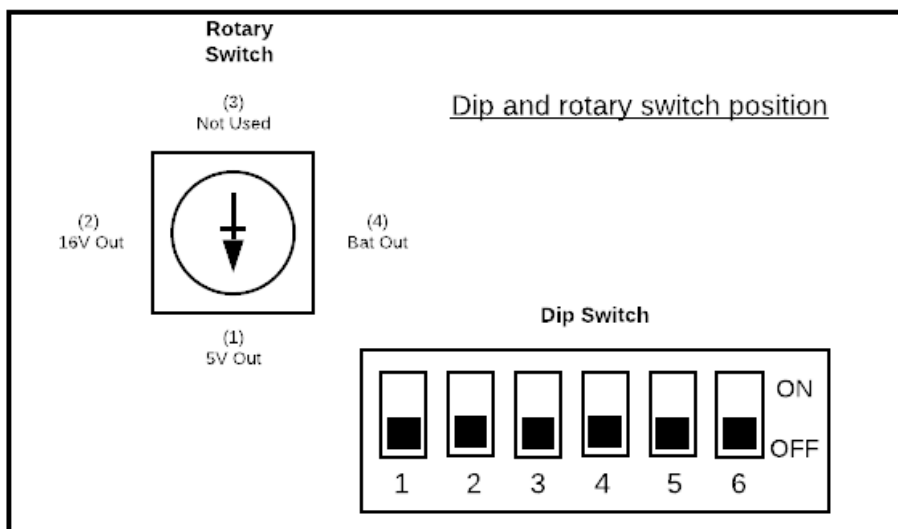
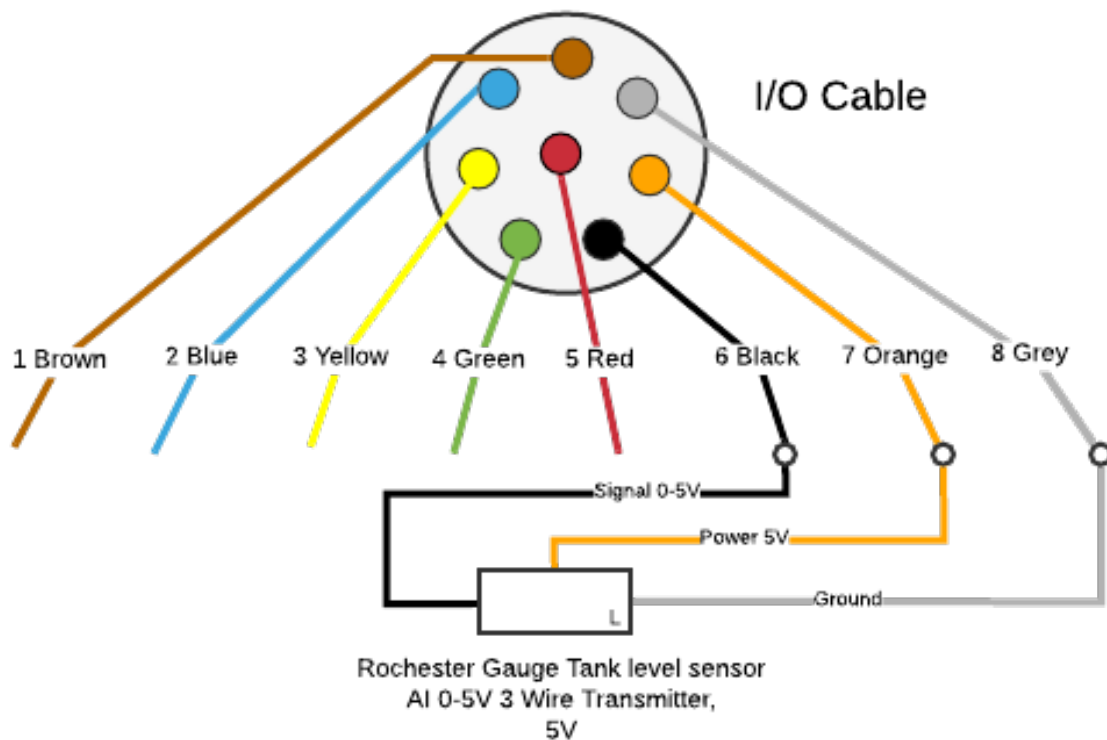


DeltaBlue

Channel Description

- **CH1** (Brown): DI, Pulse
- **CH2** (Blue): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH3** (Yellow): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH4** (Green): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH5** (Red): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH6** (Black): AI 0-5V or 0-10V
- **Feed** (Orange): 3.6V, 5V & 16V
- **Ground** (Grey)

TANK LEVEL MONITOR WITH ROCHESTER GAUGE

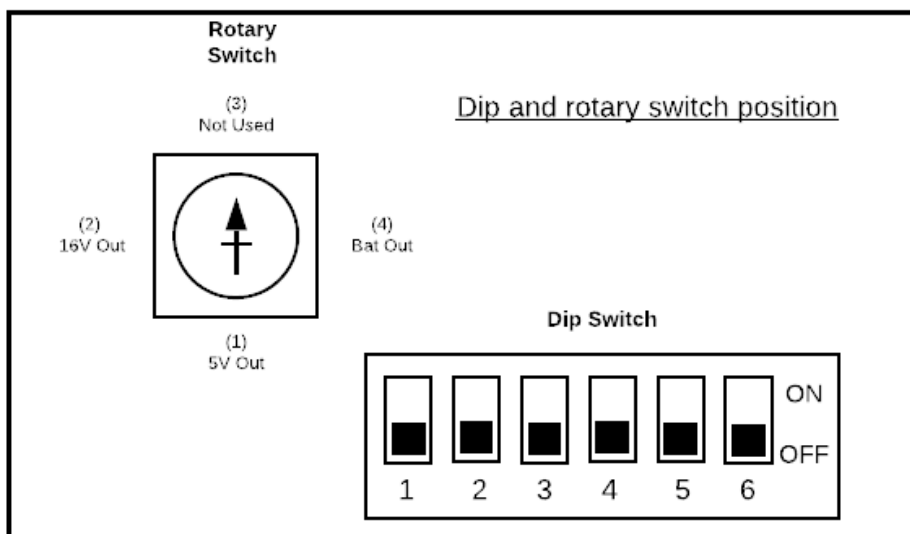
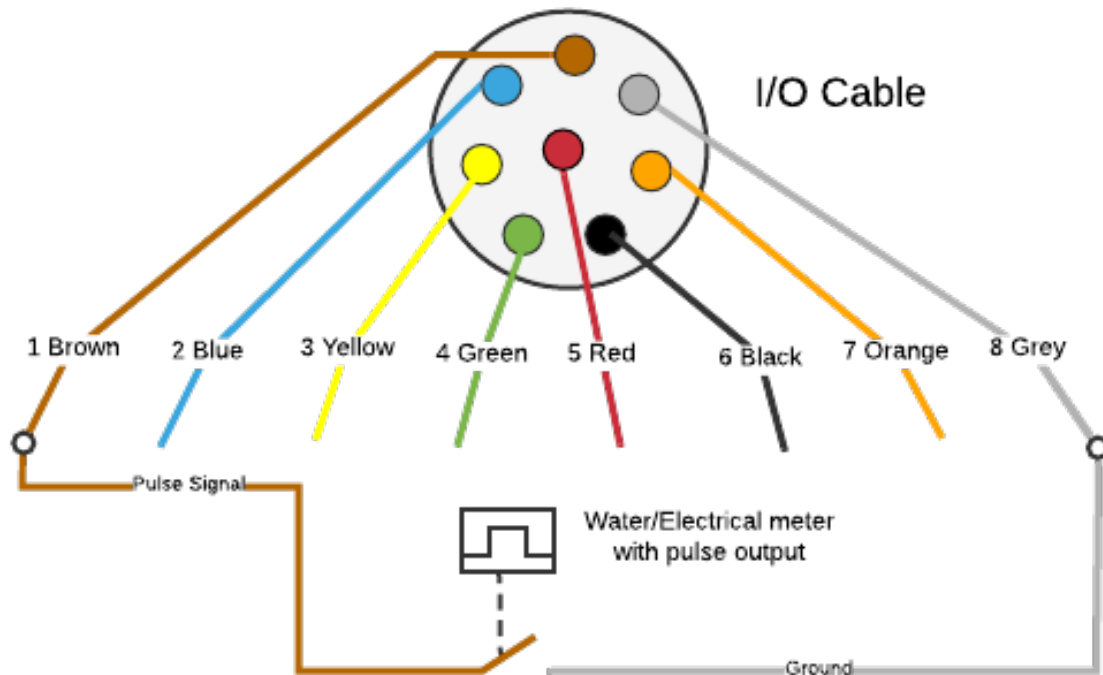


DeltaBlue

Channel Description

- **CH1** (Brown): DI, Pulse
- **CH2** (Blue): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH3** (Yellow): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH4** (Green): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH5** (Red): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH6** (Black): AI 0-5V or 0-10V
- **Feed** (Orange): 3.6V, 5V & 16V
- **Ground** (Grey)

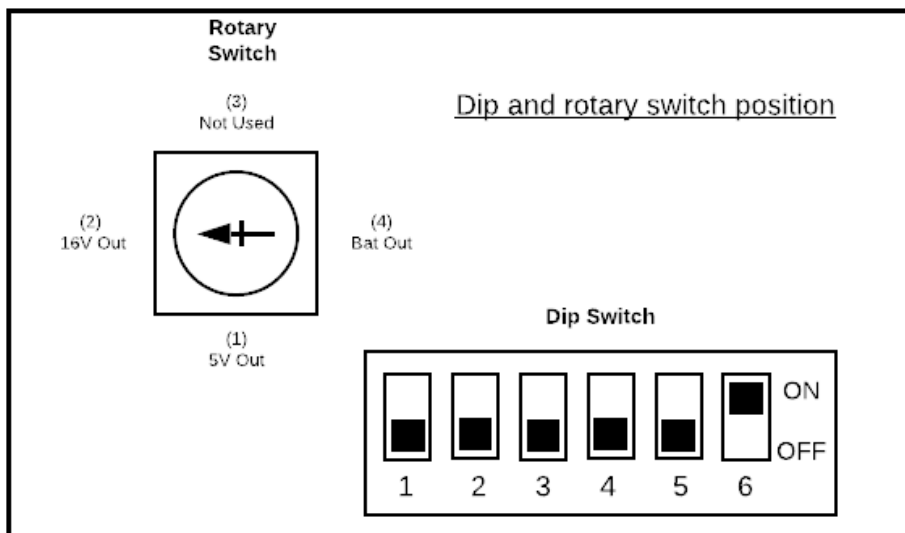
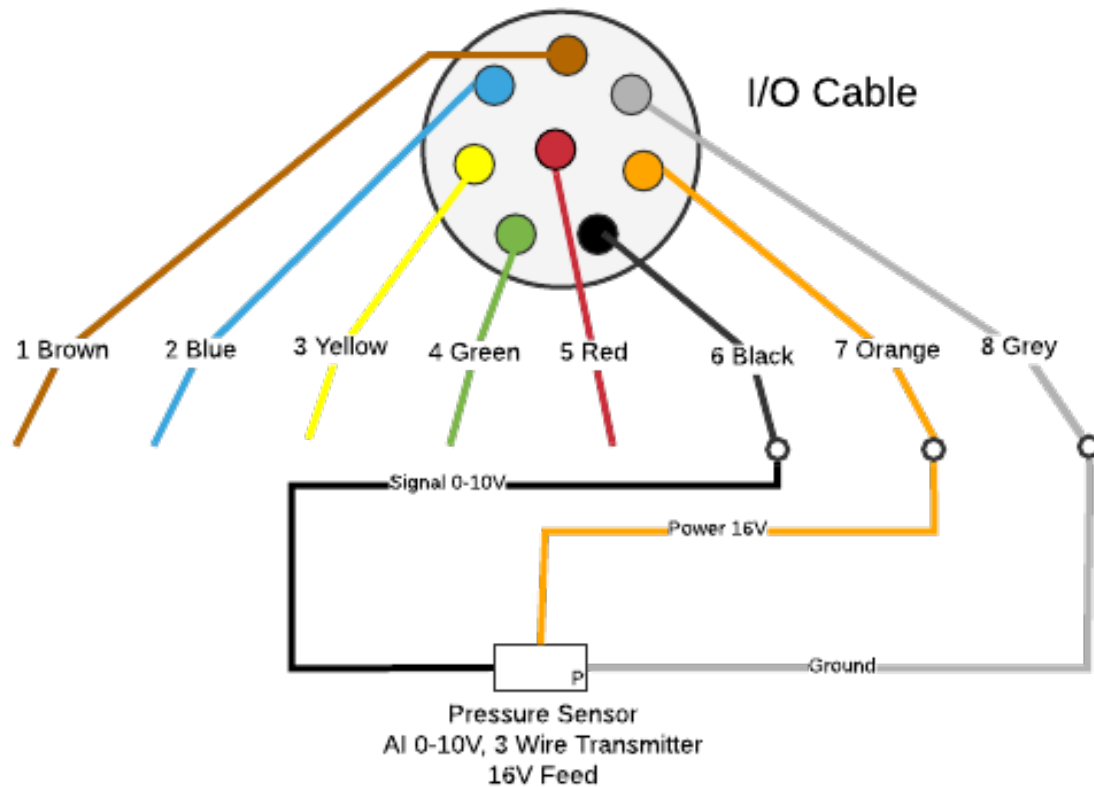
WATER/ELECTRICAL METER MEASUREMENT



DeltaBlue Channel Description

- **CH1** (Brown): DI, Pulse
- **CH2** (Blue): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH3** (Yellow): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH4** (Green): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH5** (Red): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH6** (Black): AI 0-5V or 0-10V
- **Feed** (Orange): 3.6V, 5V & 16V
- **Ground** (Grey)

PRESSURE SENSOR



DeltaBlue Channel Description

- **CH1** (Brown): DI, Pulse
- **CH2** (Blue): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH3** (Yellow): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH4** (Green): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH5** (Red): DI or AI 4-20mA
- **CH6** (Black): AI 0-5V or 0-10V
- **Feed** (Orange): 3.6V, 5V & 16V
- **Ground** (Grey)

CONTROL VIA ET COMMANDS

As default the DeltaBlue is set to ET Command Mode. ET Commands are specific to ETM terminals and allow for control, configuration and information requests to be sent to and from the terminal. In ET command mode AT commands cannot be sent to the unit.

ET commands can be sent via SMS or from the configuration tool when directly connected or via an IP or CSD connection. It is recommended that more complex settings such as changing messages or phone numbers are made using the configuration tool.

General commands

COMMAND	ACTION	RESPONSE/NOTES
–	Switch to ET-command mode	Can also be used to abort if another command has locked the terminal.
ETI	Send DeltaBlue information	ID: "ID string" RTC: Real Time Clock (Date and Time) REFDATE: Reference date, Day counter TOTAL: Total time since start RSTIN: Time to SW reset RC SW: PU: Reset counter SW / Power Up SW#: Software number HW#: Model No*Serial No (e.g. 71500*xxxxxx) SIGNAL: n MIN: MAX: Signal strength real / min / max SUPPL VOLT: Supply voltage (V) CHANN: BCCH/PSC/Band: LAC: CELL: - Cell information MTemp: Module Temperature (degC) CID: Configuration ID IMEI#: International Mobile Equipment Identity number BAT VOLT: Battery voltage (V) MOD VOLT: Module voltage (V)
ET&SR	Software Reset MCU System	May be useful if it is suspected the unit has locked up or communications between modem and external device have stalled
ETSRTC= dd:hh:mm:ss	Set Real Time Clock	d=day, h=hour, m=minute, s=second
ETSRD=yy-mm-dd	Set reference date	y=year, m=month, d=day
ETCSC	Clear Software and Hardware Reset, Socket and Receive/Transmit Counters	
ETSEND=AT...	Sends one AT command to the module	

ETSC1	Change to AT-command mode	
ETSPW=xxxxxxx	Set a password for the configuration tool	Use up to 7 characters.
ETPW=xxxxxxx	Enter the password	The unit will be ready for configuration. It is locked again after 10 minutes, and at reset.

I/O commands

COMMAND	ACTION	RESPONSE/NOTES
ETRIS	Show status/value of each I/O	1:DI,1 = I/O 1 digital input 2:DI,1 = I/O 1 digital input 3:DO,1 = I/O 3 digital output, level 1 (high, see below) etc.
ETRAIX	Read A/D input	X is AI No, ETRAI3 reads analogue input 3. If configured for scaled values, this will return scaled value otherwise raw voltage input
ETRAIA	Read all analogue inputs	
ETS(X:AI)	Set I/O pin No X to analogue input	Several pins can be combined, i.e. ETS(3:AI,4:DI) etc.
ETS(X:DI)	Set I/O pin No X to digital input	
ETS(X:DO=0)	Set I/O pin No X to digital output, set pin level (0=low, 1=high)	Low DO status is <0.5V 0.1mA, High DO Status is >2.5V 0.1mA. External Circuitry capable of detecting these signals is required to switch external devices ON/OFF.
ETS(X:DO=0)TAY	Set I/O pin No X to digital output, set pin level for a specified time period.	Time specified as Y seconds, after this the level reverts to the other option (low/high).
ETSAC= n,p1,p2,timeout,unit	Set A/D calibrating parameters	n = A/D channel number p1 = 1st input point p2 = 2nd input point timeout in seconds, default 10 s unit = mV, V, M, dgC, mA, A etc., default mV

SMS commands

COMMAND	ACTION	RESPONSE/NOTES
ET-SSP=PhNo1, PhNo2,...,PhNo5	Set SMS Alarm Phone Numbers	<p>All numbers must be entered, if less than 5 numbers enter , 's with no spaces between until all 5 slots are completed e.g.</p> <p>ET-SSP=XXXXXXXXXX,,,</p> <p>Note: you cannot add/or remove phone numbers to the unit in this manner as the unit will not necessarily have the correct corresponding entry in the individual I/O settings.</p> <p>Only use to change existing phone list, so if three number in an already existing list then replace with 3 numbers</p>
ET-SL=10	Set SMS sending limit	

Pulse input commands

COMMAND	ACTION	RESPONSE/NOTES
ETSPI=0,0	Set pulse values to 0 and reset all logged channels.	
ET&P	Show pulse status	

Internet commands

COMMAND	ACTION	RESPONSE/NOTES
ET-IC	Connect to an ISP	
ET-IP1=ip:port	Set Internet Service Parameters	<p>ip = remote server IP-address</p> <p>port = remote port</p> <p>1 for IP-address 1, 2 for IP-address 2 etc.</p>
ET-IDC	Disconnect to Internet and the Socket server	
ET-ILP=port	Local port No	
ET-ISC	Close a Socket	
ET-ITP	Internet Transparent mode	

ET-IS?	Get the current Socket status	
ET-ISO or ET-ISO=IP1	Perform an ActiveOpen and establish a Socket	Connect to an ISP if not connected.
ET-I&IP	Get network connection status profile	
ET-IAPN1	Set APN	
ET-I&LIP	Get local IP address	

Other commands

COMMAND	ACTION	RESPONSE/NOTES
ETSWT=n, hh:mm,p	Set wakeup timer for each task	N=task number (max 5), hh = wakeup hour, mm = wakeup minute, p = periodicity (min)
ETSWT?	Show wakeup timers and tasks	
ETSUI=xxx	Set User ID	Max 40 characters
ETSC1	Set communication direction	0 = shutdown com device (low power mode) 1 = open communication Modem<->PC
ETLPP	Low power mode period time	ETLPP=0,0 – Low power mode is off ETLPP=1,10 Wake up on the SWT 5 timer and stay awake min 10 min
ETGPS(mode)	GPS settings	ON/OFF to set mode, POS for position Note: if no GPS antenna is connected, ETGPS(ON) may lock the unit for some time (abort with ---).
ET&V	Show active profile	
ET&W	Save active profile	
ET&BSL	Enter into Boot Strap Loader	
ET&MB	Jump from main program to boot program	
ETE0	Echo On/Off	0=Off, 1=On
ETP0	Print Info Response	0=Off, 1=On
ETPR0	Print Result	0=Off, 1=On
ETPM0	Print Message	0=Off, 1=On

ETRSL	Run Check signal level 255 times or until "ESC" key is pressed	
-------	--	--

ETM Mätteknik AB

Ekbacksvägen 32, SE-168 69 Bromma, Sweden

Tel: +46 (0)8 25 28 75 Fax: +46 (0)8 80 11 10

Email: sales@etmiot.se Web: www.etm.se

ETM Pacific Pty Ltd

Suite 6, 273 Alfred Street, North Sydney NSW 2060, Australia

Tel: +61 (0)2 9956 7377 Fax: +61 (0)2 9956 5791

Email: sales@etmiot.com.au Web: www.etmiot.com.au